



# AQS (Air Quality System) User Guide

2015

This User Guide is designed to familiarize the user with:

- The look and feel of AQS
- Running AQS
- Loading raw and QA data
- Creating and modifying site and sampler descriptive information
- Generating output information encompassing user data

**Note]** screen images may vary depending on the user's operating system and browser.

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## AQS at a Glance

### Screen Layout

This portion of the guide describes the parts of the AQS application screen.

























The screenshot shows the AQS application window. The title bar (1) reads 'AQS'. The menu bar (2) includes Action, Help, Session, Admin, Retrieval, Maintenance, Critical Rev, Certification, Batch, Correct, and Main Menu. The icon bar (3) contains various application icons. The form title bar (4) displays 'Administration - Application Security (Tennessee)'. The tabs (5) are User Profile, Maintain Security, Security Reference Tables, Maintain Roles, and User History. The form area (6) contains fields for user information: First Name (MICHAEL), Initial (S), Last (BROOKS), Phone, Street Address 1 (109 TW Alexander), Street Address 2, Zip Code (27711), City (Research Triangle Park), State Code (37), County Code (063), Agency Code (1108), AQS User ID (MSBROOKS), User Type (H), AQS Contact (N), EN User ID (BROOKS.MICHAELS), Status Ind (P), E Mail (BROOKS.MICHAELS@EPA), EPA Region Code, Tribal User, and Fax. A 'Delete Error Transaction' button is also present. The 'Change Your Oracle Passwords' section (8) includes a label 'AQS', a 'New Password:' field, a 'Confirm password:' field, and an 'OK' button. The status bar (7) shows 'Enter the user's Last Name.', 'Record: 1/1', and '<OSC>'.

1. AQS Title Bar
2. Menu Bar
3. Icons
4. Form Title Bar
5. Tabs
6. Form Area
7. Status Bar
8. Required Field
  - a. Required fields are indicated by the bolding of the field name throughout AQS.

Note] the user should be able to see the entire screen with the exception of some of the longer records that require scrolling to view. If some of the screen seems to be missing (and there's no scroll bar), the user should verify the resolution. It should be at least 800X600. The AQS window should also be maximized.

## Icons

Here is a listing of all Icons and their associated function.

	Save
	Print Screen
	Exit
	Edit
	Cut
	Copy
	Paste
	Enter Query
	Execute Query
	Cancel Query
	Calendar
	Previous Block
	First Record
	Previous Record
	Next Record
	Last Record
	Next Block
	Insert Record / Row
	Remove Record / Row
	Duplicate Record
	Clear Record
	Rollback Record
	Search and Replace
	Help

Note] hovering the mouse pointer over an icon will display its name.

## Menu Bar, Form Area, and Tabs

Every menu item in the Menu Bar corresponds to a form within the Form Area. There may be multiple Tabs within a form. Tabs are used to display additional information related to the selected menu item.

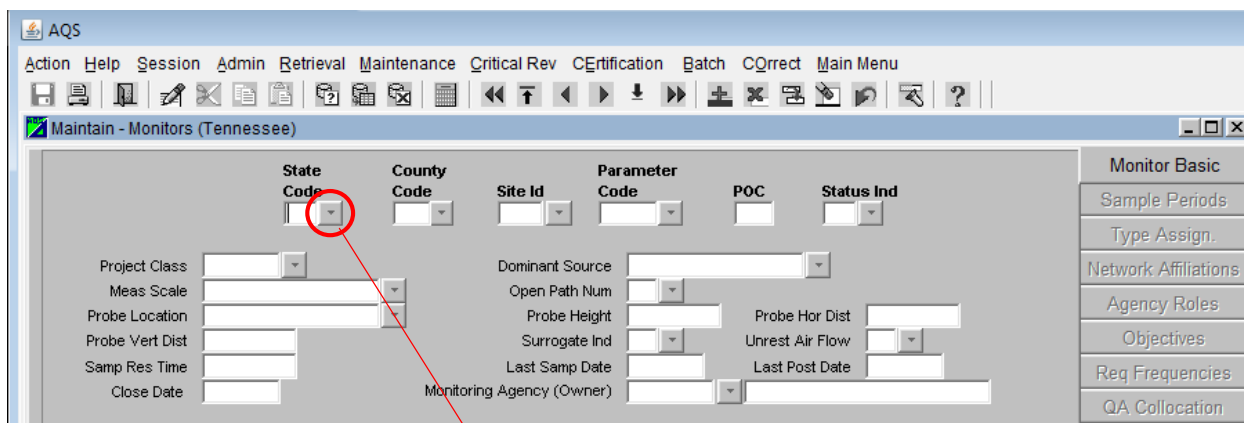
The screen capture below shows that the Admin menu item was selected from the Menu Bar and the Security menu items was selected from the drop down menu opening up the Security form in the Form Area and the User Profile tab is highlighted allowing the user to interface with the User Profile portion of the Security form.

The screenshot shows the AQS (Air Quality System) software interface. The 'Admin' menu is open, displaying a list of options including 'Security', 'Reference', 'User Statistics', 'Appl Audits', 'Export Ca Dump Bucket', 'Approved Regional Methods', and 'Maintain Monitoring Season'. The 'Security' form is displayed, with the 'User Profile' tab selected. The form contains various fields for user information, including First Name (MICHAEL), Last (BROOKS), Phone (919.5...), Zip Code (27711), County Code (063), AQS User ID (MSBROOKS), EN User ID (BROOKS.MICHAELS), User Type (H), Status Ind (P), E Mail (BROOKS.MICHAELS@EPA), Agency Code (1108), AQS Contact (N), EPA Region Code, Tribal User, and Delete Error Transaction. There is also a section for 'Change Your Oracle Passwords' with fields for New Password and Confirm password, and an OK button.

Note] Tabs will be located at either the top or right side of the Form Area.

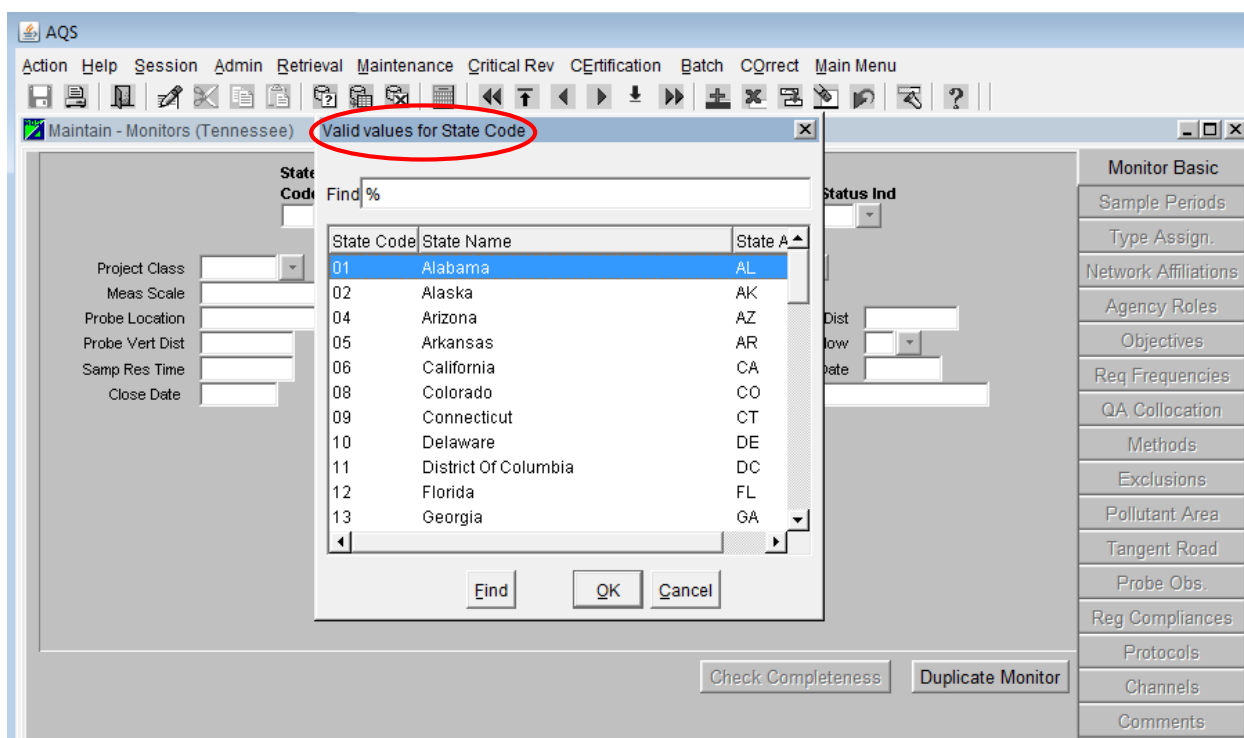
## Lists of Values (LOV)

Whenever the user is required to populate data in AQS and the field contents must be one of a specific list of values, AQS presents an LOV (List of Values) icon. The LOV icon is a grey square with a downward pointing triangle in it.



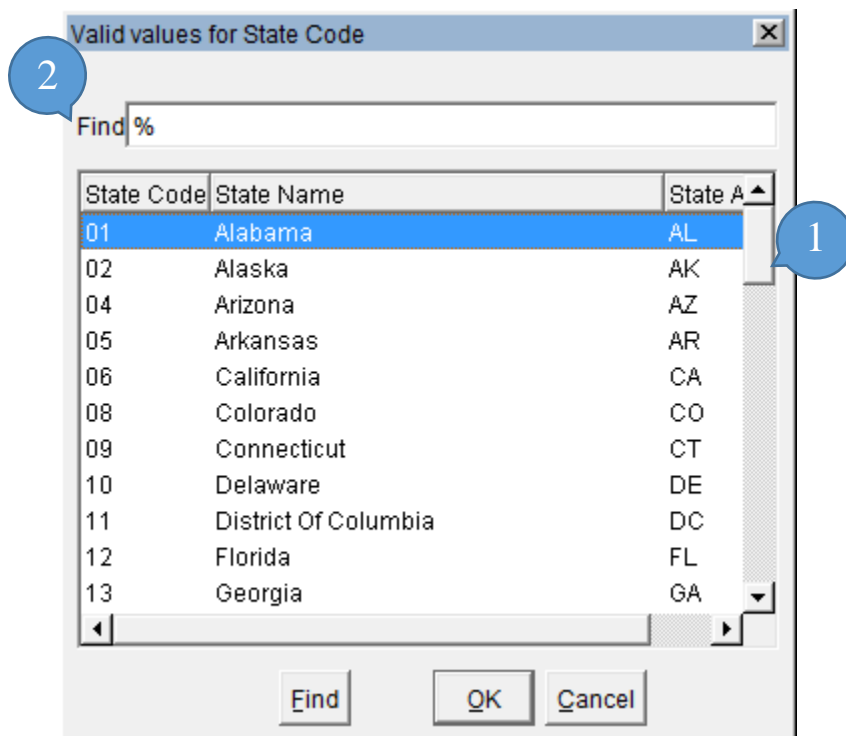
LOV (List of Values) Icon

When the LOV icon is clicked the list of valid values is presented. State Code LOV Icon was selected opening up the Valid Values pop-up window.

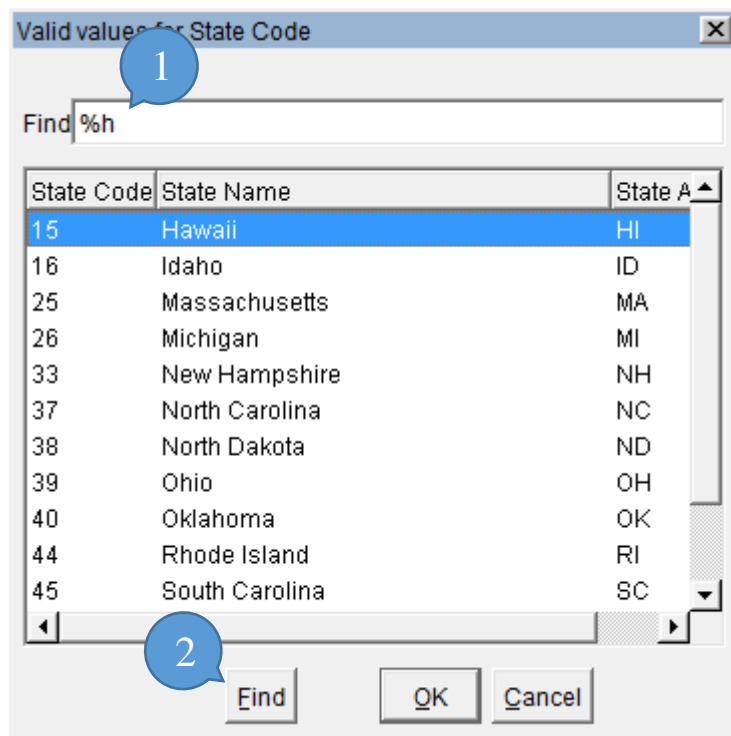




The Valid Values pop-up window allows the user to manually scroll (1) through the list or use the Find function (2) to narrow down the selection.



The Find function in AQS comes with Wildcard capability. When a Valid Values pop-up window opens, the Find field will be auto populated with the Wildcard Character. In AQS this is represented by a "%" (percent sign). The Wildcard Character is used to represent one or more characters when searching Valid Values.



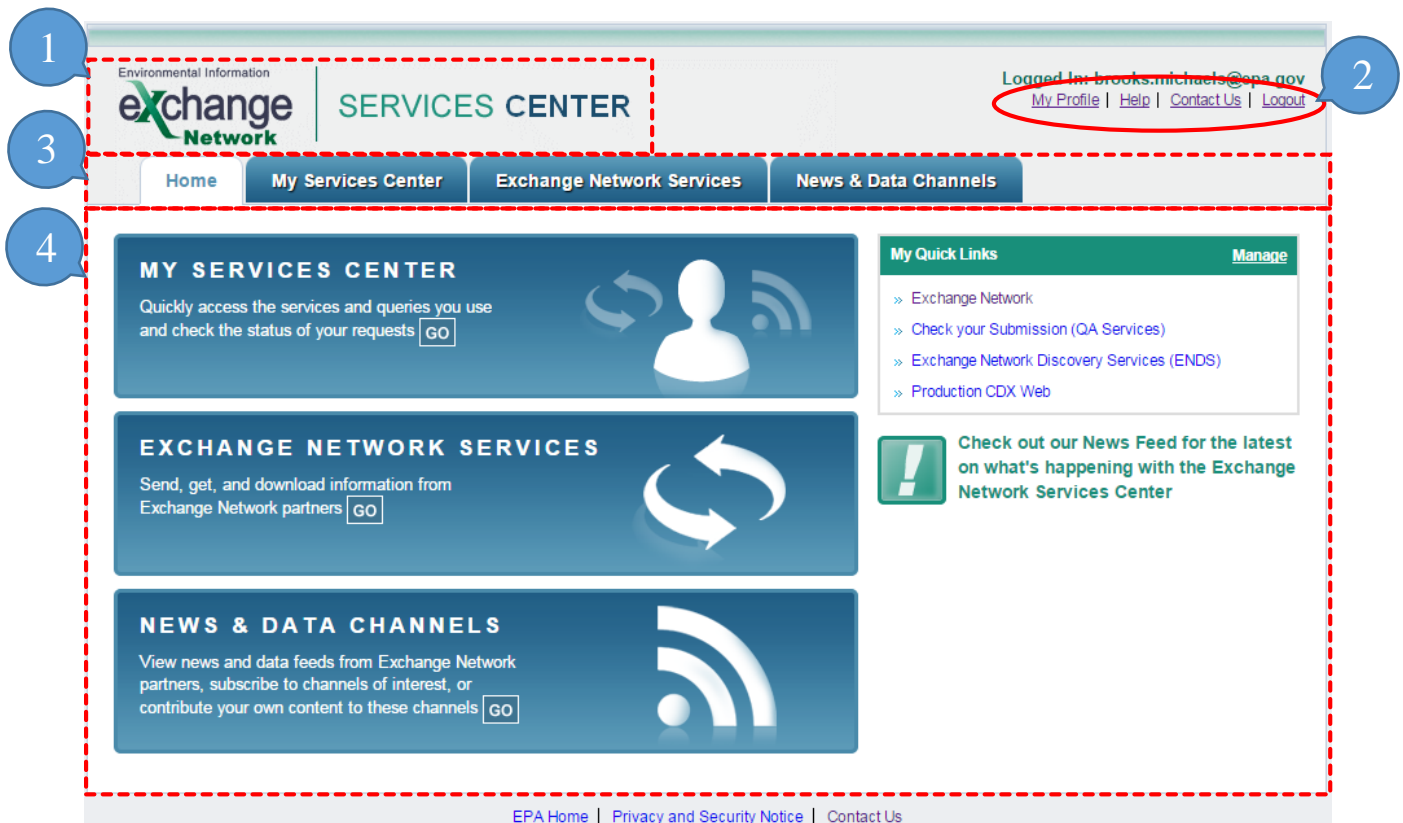
In the example above "h" was typed into the Find field next to "%" (Wildcard Character) (1). Then the Find button was clicked (2). This brought up only those states that contain an "h" in their name.

**Note]** the search function executes best with the wildcard, there is no need to remove it from the Find field.

## Exchange Network Service Center (ENSC) at a Glance

### Screen Layout

The first step in any interactive batch data submission to AQS takes place at the ENSC.



1. ENSC Title Bar
2. Quick Access Links
3. Tabs
4. Interactive Window

Note] details about how to use the ENSC are in the “Batch” section.

## Logon and Setup

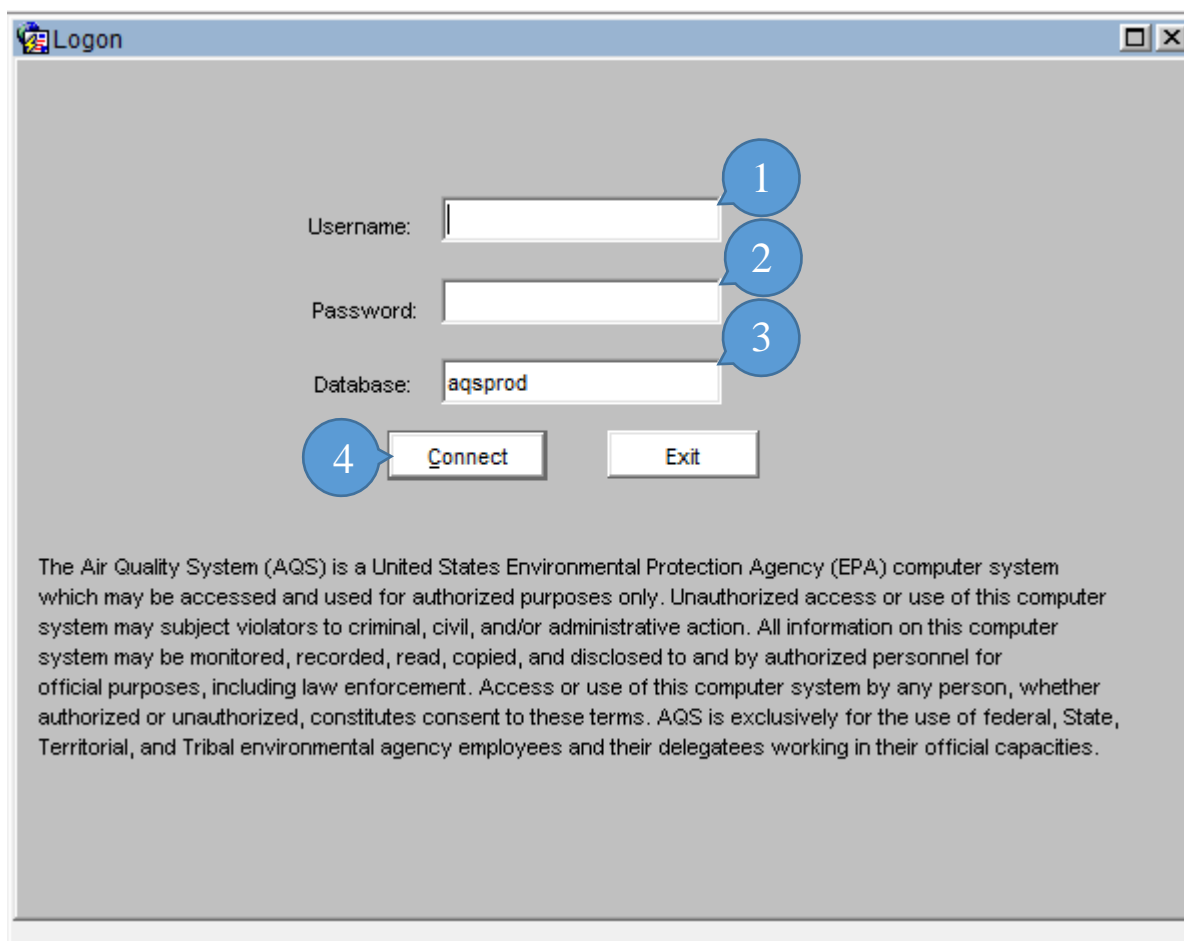
### Logging On

The AQS application can be accessed through the application website <https://aqs.epa.gov/aqs/>

Note] the user may be prompted with warning messages when attempting to run AQS.

- If prompted to trust or install a certificate the user should click YES.
- If prompted to block potentially unsafe components the user should click NO.

### Logon Screen



The screenshot shows a Windows-style window titled "Logon". Inside, there are three input fields: "Username:", "Password:", and "Database:". The "Database:" field contains the text "aqsprod". Below the fields are two buttons: "Connect" and "Exit". Numbered blue circles with white text are placed over the fields and buttons: circle 1 is over the Username field, circle 2 is over the Password field, circle 3 is over the Database field, and circle 4 is over the Connect button. At the bottom of the window, there is a block of text providing a disclaimer about the AQS system.

Username:

Password:

Database:

The Air Quality System (AQS) is a United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) computer system which may be accessed and used for authorized purposes only. Unauthorized access or use of this computer system may subject violators to criminal, civil, and/or administrative action. All information on this computer system may be monitored, recorded, read, copied, and disclosed to and by authorized personnel for official purposes, including law enforcement. Access or use of this computer system by any person, whether authorized or unauthorized, constitutes consent to these terms. AQS is exclusively for the use of federal, State, Territorial, and Tribal environmental agency employees and their delegates working in their official capacities.

Note] the application may take several minutes to load.

The user will enter the User ID into the Username Field (1) and enter the user's password into the Password Field (2). The Database Field (3) is auto populated with the database that the user will connect to; normally this will not change.

Once both the User ID and Password have been entered, the user will press the Enter key or click the Connect Button (4).

## Session Screen

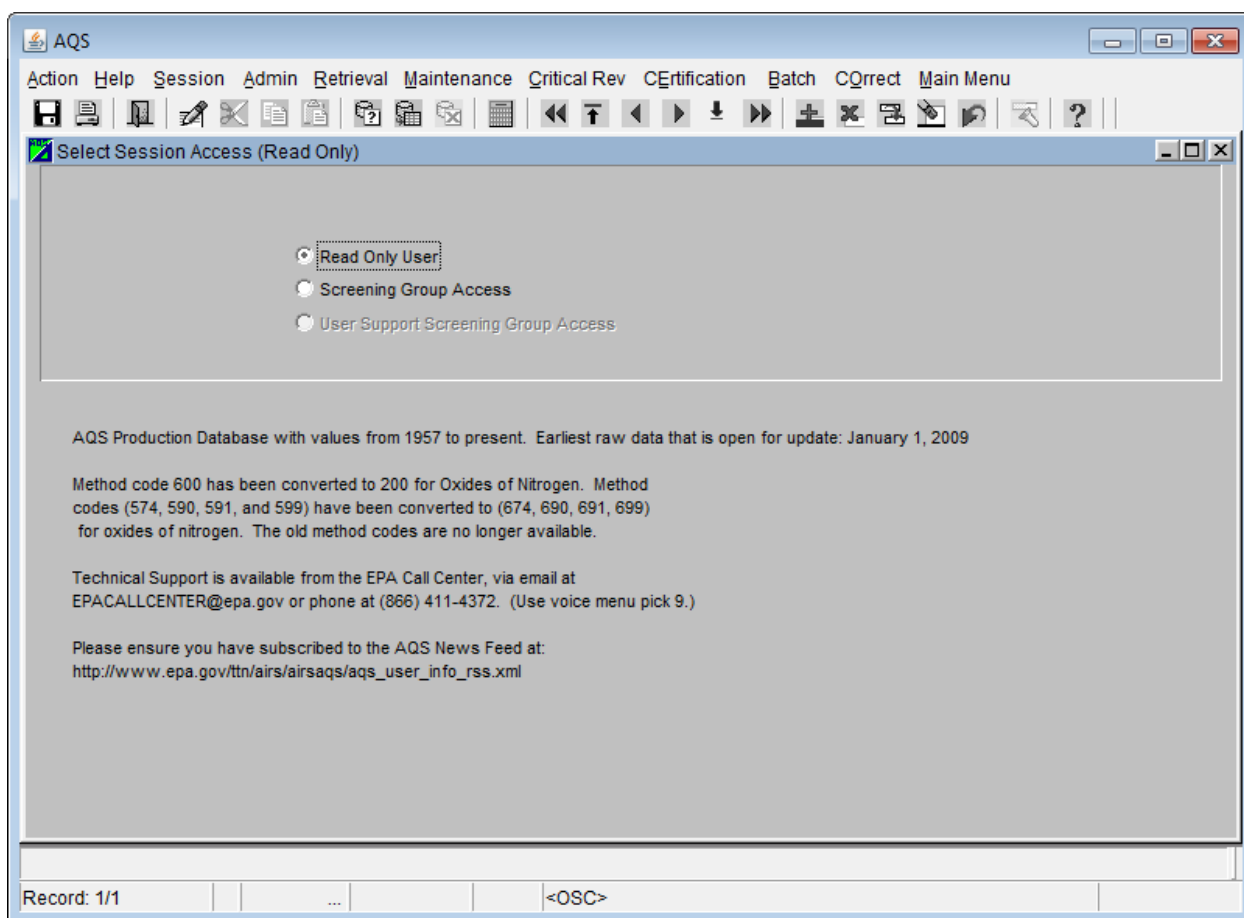
After successful logon the user will be taken to the Session Screen where the user will have the option to continue as Read Only User or Screening Group Access.

Read Only User:

- This allows access to all of the data in production status in the AQS database. It does NOT allow the user to view any data that is still being processed (i.e., “pre-production” data) or update any data. Users interested only in retrievals/reports will select “Read Only User”.

Screening Group Access:

- Allows users of the selected screening group to view both production and pre-production data for samplers owned by that screening group. Each sampler and all data for that sampler is owned by only one screening group. Only users with update authority may insert, update, or delete data for the screening group. While using this mode, the user cannot view data owned by other screening groups.



## User Profile

All AQS users have a user profile that was created by an AQS administrator. The user should periodically review this information to ensure it is up-to-date.

From the Menu Bar the user should click Admin. This will open a Dropdown Menu, at this point the user should click Security. This will open the User Profile Form in the Form Area. The user should verify that their user information is correct.

Note] required fields are indicated by the bolding of the field name throughout AQS.

The screenshot displays the 'Administration - Application Security (Tennessee)' window. The 'User Profile' tab is active, showing a form with various fields. Required fields are bolded. The form contains the following information:

Field	Value
<b>First Name</b>	MICHAEL
<b>Initial</b>	S
<b>Last</b>	BROOKS
<b>Phone</b>	
<b>Street Address 1</b>	109 TW Alexander
<b>Street Address 2</b>	
<b>Zip Code</b>	27711
<b>City</b>	Research Triangle Park
<b>State Code</b>	37
<b>County Code</b>	063
<b>Agency Code</b>	1108
<b>AQS User ID</b>	MSBROOKS
<b>User Type</b>	H
<b>AQS Contact</b>	N
<b>EN User ID</b>	BROOKS.MICHAELS
<b>Status Ind</b>	P
<b>E Mail</b>	BROOKS.MICHAELS@EPA
<b>EPA Region Code</b>	
<b>Tribal User</b>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>Delete Error Transaction</b>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Below the form is a section titled 'Change Your Oracle Passwords'. It includes fields for 'New Password:' and 'Confirm password:', followed by an 'OK' button.

## Password

At the bottom section of the User Profile Form there is a change password area. To change the password the user will type the new desired password into the New Password field and then retype it in the Confirm password field. Clicking the OK button will implement the change.

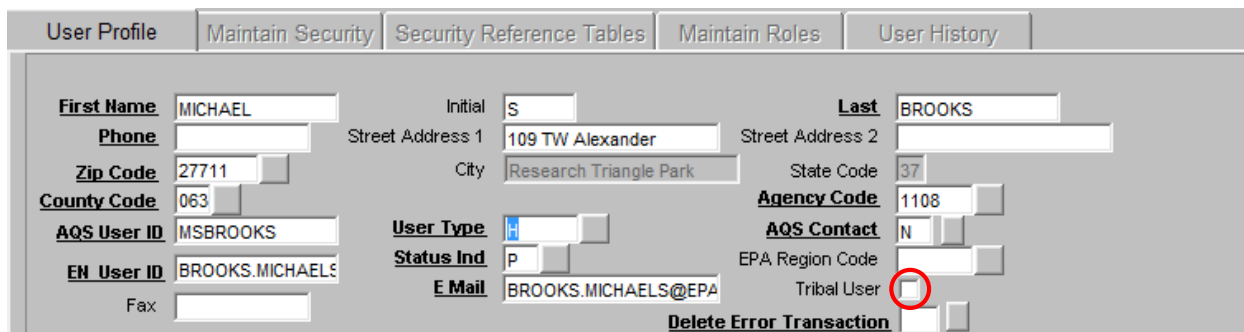


The form is titled "Change Your Oracle Passwords". It contains two input fields: "New Password:" and "Confirm password:". To the right of these fields is an "OK" button. The label "AQS" is positioned to the left of the "New Password:" field.

Note] passwords must be at least 8 characters, contain one upper case character, contain one number, contain no special characters, not be a dictionary word, and cannot start with a number. For security reasons passwords must be changed at least every 90 days. It is important that AQS users maintain their passwords in an active status. Inactive passwords will be locked if they are not used within 30 days.

## Tribal User

If the user prefers to have the geographic portion of the site ID in AQS presented in terms of Tribal ID rather than Federal Information Processing Standard (FIPS) State - FIPS County ID, the user can set that preference in the User Profile Form.



The form is titled "User Profile" and is part of a larger application with tabs for "Maintain Security", "Security Reference Tables", "Maintain Roles", and "User History". The form contains various fields for user information, including First Name, Last Name, Initial, Phone, Street Address 1, Street Address 2, Zip Code, City, State Code, County Code, Agency Code, AQS User ID, AQS Contact, EN User ID, Status Ind, E Mail, EPA Region Code, Tribal User, and Delete Error Transaction. The Tribal User checkbox is highlighted with a red circle.

Select the checkbox labeled Tribal User.

After making the Tribal User selection the user must click the Save button or press F10 on their keyboard to save the selection.

Tribal users are not required to do this, however any user may opt to be a tribal user. This option can be deselected at any time.

Being a Tribal user will change the format of Site IDs on all AQS forms and reports. Instead of the default geographic format of:

State FIPS Code - County FIPS Code - Site Number

Sites will be displayed in the following format:

TT - Tribal Code - Site Number

The "TT" is an indicator that the next field is a tribal code and not a county code. The Tribal Code is the Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA) Tribal code. AQS is not allowed to establish non-BIA codes for tribes.

## Batch Data Input for Raw Data

### Batch Data Submission Overview

Batch submission is loading a batch of data records all at the same time.

The advantages of batch loading data are:

- It allows for mass entry of data
- All processing happens without human interaction
- The system will notify the user when the process is complete
- Provides the user with results detailing the outcome

There are a number of steps used to submit data from a text file into the AQS database, those steps depend on the type of data involved. The big picture process involves:

- Transfer - move a data file to the EPA using the Exchange Network (node or ENSC)
- Load - Run a batch process to Load this data into the AQS database
- Post - after reviewing the results of load, flag data as production-ready (available to all)
- The process described here is for completing a batch submission using AQS interactively. An alternative is to use an organization's node on the Exchange Network. For instructions on how to do that, see the AQS Flow Configuration Document on the Exchange Network website.

### Formats

There are two data formats that may be submitted:

- AQS transactions - the AQS pipe delimited transaction format introduced in 2001
- XML - structured text data with <tags>

The format used will depend on what data acquisition system and/or analytical labs is available to the user. The vast majority of users take advantage of the AQS transaction format.



### Data Compatible with Batch

Not all data in AQS can be loaded via the batch process. Here is a list of the types of data that can be loaded via batch:

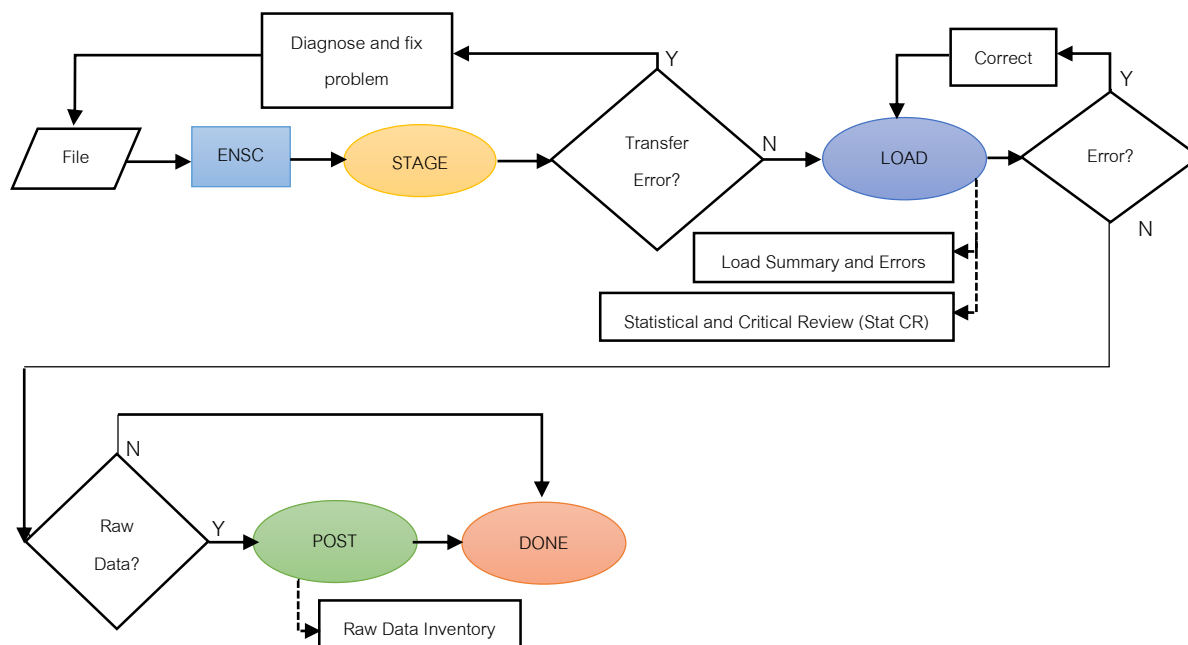
- Site data
- Monitor data
- Raw (sample) data
- Quality Assurance data

Here are the types of data that cannot be loaded via batch:

- Comments (describing sites, monitors, audits, events, etc.)
- Exceptional event definitions, data associations, and concurrence (for EPA staff only)

### Batch Data Submissions Flowchart

The following explains the data flow to AQS.



#### Step 1 (File):

Create file of ambient air data. Valid options are either text files (.txt) using the familiar delimited “Data Input Formats” or XML files (.xml) using the AQS Schema.

### Step 2 (ENSC):

Transfer the file to AQS using the Exchange Network Services Center (ENSC).

There are two process control options from the ENSC:

- Option 1** – Manually process: logon to AQS, choose the Screening Group, and proceed to the Batch screen.
- Option 2** – Automatically process: use the ENSC exclusively, bypass AQS and process all data via the ENSC.

### Step 3 (STAGE):

Processes the file into AQS.

### Step 4 (LOAD):

For anything other than Raw Data (i.e. sample measurements) if there were no errors in the file the processing is complete. For Raw Data, the LOAD step now performs STAT/CR (Statistical and Critical Review).

### Step 5 (POST):

Moves data from where it can only be seen by members of the relative screening group to where it can be seen by any AQS user (and any EPA web application, and thus the public). It also updates all of the summary values (e.g., NAAQS durations, Daily, Annual, and Design Value if applicable) that the raw data contributes to. This also means that it will be used by EPA in any calculations (completeness, compliance, etc.).

### Using the ENSC

The ENSC is at <https://enservices.epa.gov/login.aspx>. There is also a button on the AQS Batch Form Area that will open this web page.

10416	20141125 12:25	CRST-COMPLETED	10416	0	9	10416	0	
20	20141120 15:05	CRST-COMPLETED	20	0	1	20	0	
45	20141117 15:43	LOAD-COMPLETED	21	0				

**Post**  

Post File

Stat CR Report

Raw Data Inventory

**Other**  

Show User Log

**Goto ENSC**


Refresh Sessions

A file can be submitted through an organization's node to AQS via the ENSC with processing instructions (The user's IT department will have to set this up) or a file can be submitted manually.

For manually submitting a file the following instructions are provided.

The user will login to ENSC with the prod Naas account and password provided.

Environmental Information

 **SERVICES CENTER**




[Help](#) | [Contact Us](#)

## SERVICES CENTER

The Exchange Network Services Center is a web-based tool designed to allow Exchange Network users to easily send, get, and download information from other partners on the network.

Note: to access this tool, you must already have an Exchange Network user account assigned to you.

[Request an Account](#)



### Warning Notice

This application is part of a United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) computer system, which is for authorized use only. Unauthorized access or use of this computer system may subject violators to criminal, civil, and/or administrative action. All information on this computer system may be monitored, recorded, read, copied, and disclosed by and to authorized personnel for official purposes, including law enforcement. Access or use of this computer system by any person, whether authorized or unauthorized, constitutes consent to these terms.

[EPA Home](#) | [Privacy and Security Notice](#) | [Contact Us](#)

### Login

**Username:**

**Password:**

**Domain:**  
default  [Not sure?](#)

[Forgot Username or Password](#)

The first time a user logs into the ENSC they will need to add the AQS connection service to their list of services. In order to add the AQS connection the user will select the Exchange Network Services tab or click the 'Go' button on the Interactive Window area labeled EXCHANGE NETWORK SERVICES.

Environmental Information  
**exchange**  
Network

**SERVICES CENTER**

Logged In: brooks.michaels@epa.gov  
[My Profile](#) | [Help](#) | [Contact Us](#) | [Logout](#)

Home | **My Services Center** | **Exchange Network Services** | News & Data Channels

**MY SERVICES CENTER**  
Quickly access the services and queries you use and check the status of your requests [GO](#)

**EXCHANGE NETWORK SERVICES**  
Send, get, and download information from Exchange Network partners [GO](#)

**NEWS & DATA CHANNELS**  
View news and data feeds from Exchange Network partners, subscribe to channels of interest, or contribute your own content to these channels [GO](#)

**My Quick Links** [Manage](#)

- » [Exchange Network](#)
- » [Check your Submission \(QA Services\)](#)
- » [Exchange Network Discovery Services \(ENDS\)](#)
- » [Production CDX Web](#)

**Check out our News Feed for the latest on what's happening with the Exchange Network Services Center**

**EXCHANGE NETWORK SERVICES**  
Send, get, and download information from Exchange Network partners [GO](#)

At this point the user will type AQS into the search field of the Express Request box.

The screenshot shows the top navigation bar with links: Home, My Services Center, Exchange Network Services, News & Data Channels, and My Quick Links. Below the navigation bar is a message: "Use either the Step-by-Step OR Express approach to send, get, or download information from the Exchange Network." A large "CHOOSE" arrow points to two options. The left option is "Guide Me Step-by-Step (recommended for novice users)" with a "Continue" button. The right option is "Express Request (recommended for advanced users)". In the "Express Request" panel, the "Search for a Service by Keyword" field contains "AQS" and is highlighted with a red box. Below it is a "Search" button. There is also an "OR" option to "Browse our entire Services Directory" with a "Browse Services Directory" button.

The Service Directory window will open displaying a list of choices. The user will click the Send Info link for the AQS Submit service.

The screenshot shows the "Services Directory" window. It has a header with the title "Services Directory" and a description: "This directory runs from Exchange Network Discovery Service (ENDS) metadata. It requires the commitment of our Network to keep it up to date and useful. For the BETA version, the Services Directory contains only services that support Submit, Query, Solicit, and Download operations. Select the name of the Service you wish to use." Below the header is a filter section with "Filter By: Keyword(s)" and a search box containing "AQS". There are "Filter" and "Clear" buttons. Below the filter section is a table with 6 columns: Service Transaction, Dataflow, Service Name, Service Description, Node, and Service Provider. The table lists 13 services, and the first three are visible. The third service, "AQS Submit", is highlighted with a red box. The "Send Info" link for this service is also highlighted.

Service Transaction	Dataflow	Service Name	Service Description	Node	Service Provider
<a href="#">Get Info</a>	AQDE	AQDERawData	Queries or Solicits the Raw Data for the AQDE Flow. The return is an XML file that conforms to the AQS Version 2.0 Schema.	NewJerseyNodeV1_Prod	NJDEP
<a href="#">Send Info</a>	AQS	ProcessAQSDoc	Air Quality System Document Submissions	.NetNode2	U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
<a href="#">Send Info</a>	AQS	AQS Submit	AQS Submit: Send files to the Air Quality System (AQS).	NGNProd2.0	U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
<a href="#">Get Info</a>	AQS	GetAQSRawDataInsertByDate	AQS - GetAQSRawDataInsertByDate Service	NV	Nevada Division of Environmental Protection (NDEP)

The user will then complete the Express Request form.

The screenshot shows a web form titled "Express Request: AQS Submit" with a green header bar. The form contains several input fields and buttons, each highlighted with a blue circular callout containing a number. Callout 1 points to the "Choose File" button. Callout 2 points to the "Enter Sender's Email Address to Notify of Transaction Status Changes:" text and its corresponding input field. Callout 3 points to the "AQS User ID:" text and its input field. Callout 4 points to the "Screening Group :" text and its dropdown menu, which currently shows "50 Test User Screening Group". Callout 5 points to the "File Type :" text and its dropdown menu. Callout 6 points to the "Final Processing Step :" text and its dropdown menu. Callout 7 points to the "Stop On Error:" text and its dropdown menu. Callout 8 points to a blue hyperlink that says "Provide information (metadata) about this Document (recommended)". Callout 9 points to the "SEND DATA" button. A "Cancel" link is also visible near the bottom right of the form.

**Express Request: AQS Submit** ?

1 **Select a Document to Upload (max. size 1 GB):**  
Choose File No file chosen

2 **Enter Sender's Email Address to Notify of Transaction Status Changes:**

3 **AQS User ID:**

**Additional Data Flow Specific Information:**

4 **Screening Group :**  
50 Test User Screening Group ▼

5 **File Type :**  
▼

6 **Final Processing Step :**  
▼

7 **Stop On Error:**  
▼

8 [Provide information \(metadata\) about this Document \(recommended\)](#)

[Cancel](#) **SEND DATA** 9

1. The Choose File button allows the user to select a document from their local computer or network.
2. File transfer information will be sent to the email address the user inputs into this field. The user can input one or multiple email addresses. Multiple email addresses must be separated by commas.
3. The user must input the AQS User ID assigned.
4. The user will select, from a drop down menu, the screening group the user is submitting data for.
5. The user will select the appropriate file type (format) from the drop down menu.
  - a. AQS text transactions (MA, RD, etc.) are flat files.

6. The Final Processing step is where the user provides AQS with instructions on how far to process the file before stopping and waiting for the user to log on and review/complete processing.
  - a. Stage moves the data from the submitted format into the AQS database format. It performs format and valid-value checks. If an error is reported during the stage process, the problem must be fixed in the user's data file and resubmitted.
    - i. Some data can complete the stage process while other data has errors.
  - b. Load moves the submitted data into the AQS database and performs completeness and relational (e.g., is pre-requisite data present) checks. If errors occur during the load process, the user can fix the error in AQS via the Correct Forms or the user can correct the problem in their own database and start the process over.
    - i. Note that any erroneous data is kept in AQS and must be deleted from the staging tables. Some data can complete the load process while other data has errors. The user will receive warnings (not errors) if the data is flagged by a statistical check.
  - c. Post moves data from where it can only be seen by members of the user's screening group to where it can be seen by any AQS user. Also, all of the relevant summary values will be updated in this step.
    - i. Only raw data must be posted. The user cannot have an error during the Post process.
    - ii. To process the file as far as possible, select Post.
7. The user will select either 'Yes' or 'No' for the Stop on Error processing command.
  - a. Yes prompts AQS to examine the results of the stage and load programs (both for errors and warnings) and stop any additional processing of the file if there are any errors or warnings in the data.
  - b. No prompts AQS to process all the data it can through the final processing step you selected.
8. The user can optionally provide additional data by expanding the Provide information (metadata) about this Document but it is not necessary.
9. After the user has entered values for all of these fields the user should click the Send button to begin the AQS submit process.

After the user clicks the Send button the 'Request Received!' screen will appear.

The screenshot shows the 'Request Received!' screen in the Exchange Network Services Center. The header includes the 'Environmental Information exchange Network' logo and the 'SERVICES CENTER' title. A navigation bar contains links for 'Home', 'My Services Center', 'Exchange Network Services', and 'News & Da'. The main content area features a large heading 'Request Received!' followed by a light blue box containing the message: 'Your File AMP501\_1280016-0.txt has been received.' and 'The following Transaction ID has been assigned to this request: \_299dbc2f-62c4-4f8f-8c5d-115362017425'. Below this is a section titled 'Current Status of Request:' which contains a table with the following data:

Transaction Status	Service Name	Transaction Type	Date
Processing	AQS Submit	Send Information	3/2/2015 2:58 PM

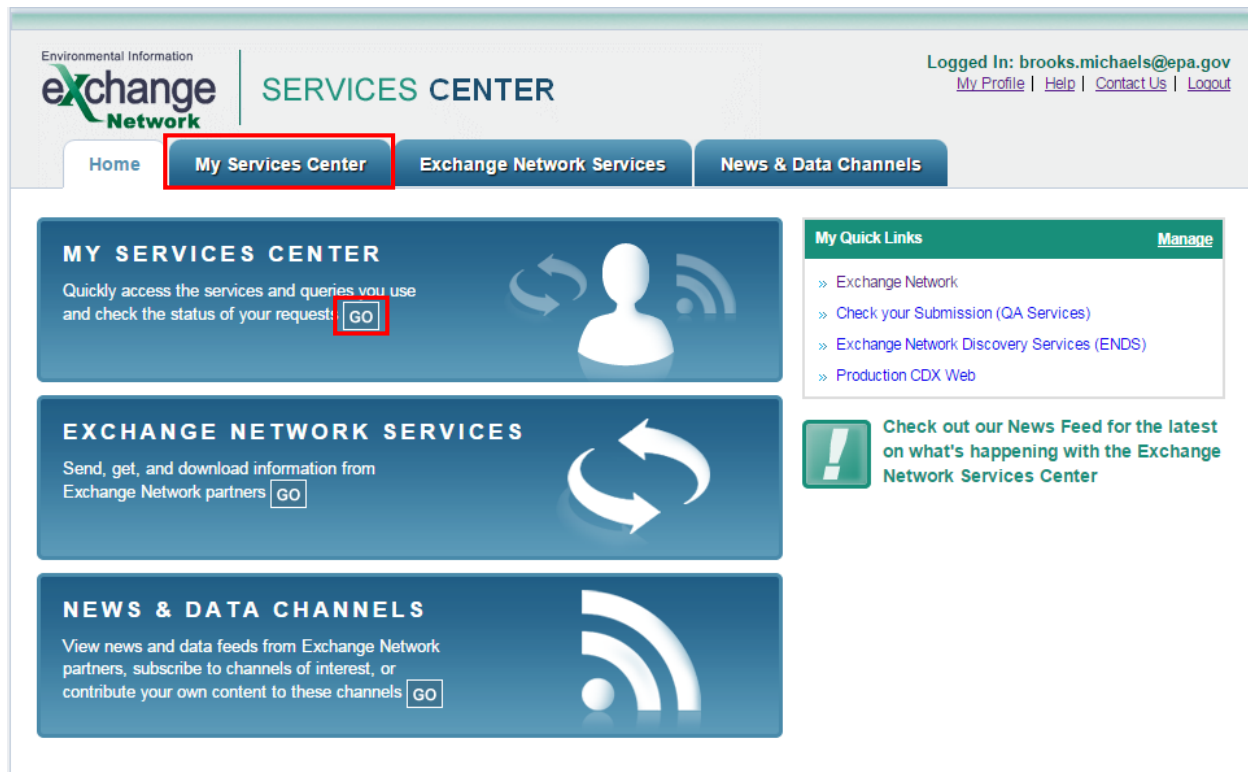
Below the table is a red-bordered box titled 'What would you like to do next?' containing five blue hyperlinks: 'View the Status of this request in My Activity', 'Complete another Transaction using this same Service', 'Complete another Transaction using a different Service', 'Add this Service to My Quick Links', and 'Log out of the Services Center'.

The screen will display the status and a transaction ID. From here the user can select a link under the 'What would you like to do next?' header. An email, from cdx@epa.gov, containing the file transfer information will be sent to the email address or addresses the user input into the 'Enter Sender's Email Address to Notify of Transaction Status Changes:' field. AQS will also send the user (to the address AQS has on record) an email summarizing all processing with links to reports.



## ENSC Subsequent Uses

After the initial submittal all subsequent submittals can be processed through the 'My Service Center' interactive window. After logging into ENSC the user will select the My Service Center tab or click the 'Go' button on the Interactive Window area labeled MY SERVICE CENTER.



This will open the My Service Center interactive window.

Environmental Information  
**exchange** Network

**SERVICES CENTER**

Logged In: brooks.michaels@epa.gov  
[My Profile](#) | [Help](#) | [Contact Us](#) | [Logout](#)

Home | **My Services** | Exchange Network Services | News & Data Channels | [My Quick Links](#) ▼

**My Services** | [My EPA Activity](#) | [My Channels](#) [Add this page to My Quick Links](#)

☐ Make this my Start page

**My Services** ? Access services you have used before. [Use a New Service](#)

All | Send Info | Get Info | Download | My Queries

Find a Service:  ☒ My Services ☐ Services Directory

Service Name	Service Description	Publisher	RSS-enabled	Last Used
<a href="#">NGNProd2.0/AQS/AQS Submit</a>	AQS Submit: Send files to the Air Quality System (AQS).	U.S. Environmental Protection Agency	No	3/2/2015 2:58:04 PM

1. To send data to AQS the user will select the 'Service Name' ending in AQS Submit.
  - a. The user should verify that the 'Service Description' shows AQS Submit: Send files to the Air Quality System (AQS).
2. The user can see previous submissions by selecting the 'My EPA Activity' link.
3. The user has the option to make this page the Start page, reducing the necessary steps for submitting data.

### Loading Files Using AQS

This section covers the file processing functions available within AQS. This section assumes that a file that has been through the stage process, but has gone no further in AQS. (This would be the case if the Final Processing Step from the ENSC was Stage. The only way to get a file to AQS is to use ENSC).

## Batch Form Overview

After logging in to AQS the user will select Batch from the Menu Bar.

The screenshot displays the AQS Batch Form interface. At the top, the menu bar includes Action, Help, Session, Admin, Retrieval, Maintenance, Critical Rev, Certification, **Batch**, CQrect, and Main Menu. The main window is titled "BATCH (Tennessee)" and has tabs for "Process by File" and "History".

The "HISTORY AND STATUS" section contains a table with the following columns: Submission Date, File Name, User Name, Records In File, Date (last), Process Status, Recs Loaded, Recs Failing to Load, Stat/CR Finding Count, Records to Post, Skip'd Monitors, and Records Posted. The table lists several batch processing records, with the first row highlighted in blue.

Submission Date	File Name	User Name	Records In File	Date (last)	Process Status	Recs Loaded	Recs Failing to Load	Stat/CR Finding Count	Records to Post	Skip'd Monitors	Records Posted
20141218 16:28	EastmanNovember14.txt.zip	BILLY PUGH	10806	20141218 16:39	POST-COMPLETED	10798	0	5	10792	0	10792
20141212 15:53	TN Oct Precision.txt.zip	BILLY PUGH	28	20141212 16:10	LOAD-COMPLETED	28	0				
20141211 11:08	TNOct2014continuous.txt.zip	BILLY PUGH	14136	20141211 11:31	POST-COMPLETED	14136	0	0	1	0	14136
20141202 12:05	NYRStar Oct 2014.txt.zip	BILLY PUGH	2991	20141202 12:33	POST-COMPLETED	2991	0	0	2986	0	2986
20141202 12:15	TN AQSReport Sep 2014.txt	BILLY PUGH	13680	20141202 12:33	POST-COMPLETED	12960	0	0	12960	0	12960
20141202 11:58	PbTnq3.txt.zip	BILLY PUGH	32	20141202 11:59	POST-COMPLETED	32	0	0	30	0	30
20141125 14:42	TDEC_AQS PM2.5_Septem	EVELYN HASKIN	657	20141125 14:49	POST-COMPLETED	587	18	0	571	0	571
20141125 12:09	Eastman Oct 2014AQSRepo	BILLY PUGH	11166	20141125 12:27	POST-COMPLETED	11166	0	6	126	0	11160
20141125 12:24	ResoluteFP102014.txt.zip	BILLY PUGH	10416	20141125 12:25	CRST-COMPLETED	10416	0	9	10416	0	
20141120 15:04	Exide October 2014 Data.txt	BILLY PUGH	20	20141120 15:05	CRST-COMPLETED	20	0	1	20	0	
20140807 10:47	RAQ22014.txt.zip	BILLY PUGH	45	20141117 15:43	LOAD-COMPLETED	21	0				

The "PROCESS CONTROL" section includes buttons for "Load File", "Post File", "Load Summary and Errors", "Stat CR Report", "Raw Data Inventory", "Show User Log", "Goto ENSC", and "Refresh Sessions".

The "PROCESS FLOW" section shows a diagram of the batch processing workflow:

```
graph LR
    FILE([FILE]) --> ENSC[ENSC]
    ENSC --> Stage([Stage])
    Stage --> Transfer{Transfer Error?}
    Transfer -- N --> Load([Load])
    Transfer -- Y --> Diagnose[Diagnose and fix problem]
    Diagnose --> FILE
    Load --> Errors{Errors?}
    Errors -- Y --> Correct[Correct]
    Correct --> Load
    Errors -- N --> RawData{Raw Data?}
    RawData -- Y --> Post([Post])
    RawData -- N --> DONE([DONE])
    Post --> DONE
    Load -.-> Summary[Load Summary and Errors]
    Errors -.-> Summary
    RawData -.-> Inventory[Raw Data Inventory]
    Post -.-> Inventory
    Summary -.-> Review[Statistical and Critical Review (Stat CR)]
```

The AQS Batch form has 5 main areas.

1. File processing History and Status area.

HISTORY AND STATUS					
Submission Date	File Name	User Name	Records In File	Date (last)	Process Status
20141218 16:28	EastmanNovember14.txt.zip	BILLY PUGH	10806	20141218 16:39	POST-COMPLETED
20141212 15:53	TN Oct Precision.txt.zip	BILLY PUGH	28	20141212 16:10	LOAD-COMPLETED
20141211 11:08	TNOct2014continuous.txt.zip	BILLY PUGH	14136	20141211 11:31	POST-COMPLETED
20141202 12:05	NYRStar Oct 2014.txt.zip	BILLY PUGH	2991	20141202 12:33	POST-COMPLETED
20141202 12:15	TN AQSReport Sep 2014.txt	BILLY PUGH	13680	20141202 12:33	POST-COMPLETED
20141202 11:58	PbTnq3.txt.zip	BILLY PUGH	32	20141202 11:59	POST-COMPLETED
20141125 14:42	TDEC_AQS PM2.5_Septemb	EVELYN HASKIN	657	20141125 14:49	POST-COMPLETED
20141125 12:09	Eastman Oct 2014AQSRepo	BILLY PUGH	11166	20141125 12:27	POST-COMPLETED
20141125 12:24	ResoluteFP102014.txt.zip	BILLY PUGH	10416	20141125 12:25	CRST-COMPLETED
20141120 15:04	Exide October 2014 Data.txt	BILLY PUGH	20	20141120 15:05	CRST-COMPLETED
20140807 10:47	RAQ22014.txt.zip	BILLY PUGH	45	20141117 15:43	LOAD-COMPLETED

The History and Status area shows a list of the files that have been submitted and the most recent action performed. There is one row per file.

There are six columns in this area, and they are:

- Submission Date: This indicates the original time the file was staged to AQS (the format: YYYYMMDD HH:mm where HH is on the 24 hour clock and Eastern Standard Time).
- File Name: The name of the file.
- User name: The name of the last user in the agency who initiated a processing step for this file.
- Records in file: The total number of transactions in the file (records if it is a flat file, the equivalent for XML).
- Date (last): The last time an action was performed on this file.
- Process Status: The most recent process initiated for this file and the status of that process.
  - Process can be:
    - Stage = Converting data from submitted format to AQS database format
    - Load = Loading data into AQS database
    - CRST = Critical Review and Statistical Tests
    - Post = Incorporate data in to summaries and make data public.
  - Status can be:
    - Submitted (meaning it is waiting to execute)
    - Active (actively processing)
    - Error (completed with errors)
    - Completed (completed with no errors)

## 2. Load processing results summary.

LOAD		
Recs Loaded	Recs Failing to Load	Stat/CR Finding Count
10798	0	5
28	0	
14136	0	0
2991	0	0
12960	0	0
32	0	0
587	18	0
11166	0	6
10416	0	9
20	0	1
21	0	

The Load processing results summary. This area provides a summary of what happened to each record (transaction) in the file during all of the load processes.

There are three columns in this area, and they are:

- Recs Loaded: The total number of records from this file that have been successfully loaded into AQS. Keep in mind, Load means different things for different types of data. For everything but raw data, it means it is now fully into AQS. Raw data: the data still needs to be posted.
- Recs Failing to Load: The number of records that could not be loaded into AQS due to some kind of error. The "Recs Loaded" plus the value in this column should equal the number of records in the file.
- StatCR Finding Count: The number of records that raised concern during Statistical and Critical Review process (StatCR). The StatCR process is run automatically every time the load process is run. It compares new data to old data and expected ranges, etc. and presents any "findings" of possible outliers or other problematic data. These are not errors, they are oddities in the data flagged for user information.

### 3. Post processing results summary.

POST		
Records to Post	Skip'd Monitors	Records Posted
10792	0	10792
1	0	14136
2986	0	2986
12960	0	12960
30	0	30
571	0	571
126	0	11160
10416	0	
20	0	

The Post processing results summary area provides a summary of the file with respect to the load processes.

There are three columns in this area, and they are:

- Records to Post: The total number of records from this file that need to be posted (the number of successfully loaded raw data records). If this number is more than zero, the Post process needs to be executed to complete the submission of this data to AQS.
- Skip'd Monitors: The number of monitors for which the posting of data was skipped during processing. This is an advanced topic covered elsewhere.
- Records Posted: The number of records for which post processing completed successfully. When this number matches the "Records to Post" column for the file, processing is complete.

4. Process control - where results can be reviewed and additional processes performed on files.

PROCESS CONTROL	Load	Post	Other
Process selected file through:	<input type="button" value="Load File"/>	<input type="button" value="Post File"/>	<input type="button" value="Show User Log"/>
Results and Reports:	<input type="button" value="Load Summary and Errors"/>	<input type="button" value="Stat CR Report"/>	<input type="button" value="Goto ENSC"/>
		<input type="button" value="Raw Data Inventory"/>	<input type="button" value="Refresh Sessions"/>

The Process control area allows the user to review results of earlier processed files and perform additional processing. **The process control area only acts on the file (row) that is highlighted on the top part of the form.**

Depending on the status of the file, certain areas will be unavailable (grayed out). The processing of files is controlled on the horizontal row labeled "Process selected file through"

The user can select either load or post. Selecting post will perform load processing on the file if necessary.

The available reports generated by each process are shown below the process. For example, the load process generates two reports, the Load Summary and Errors report and the Stat CR Report. The post process generates only one report, the Raw Data Inventory report.

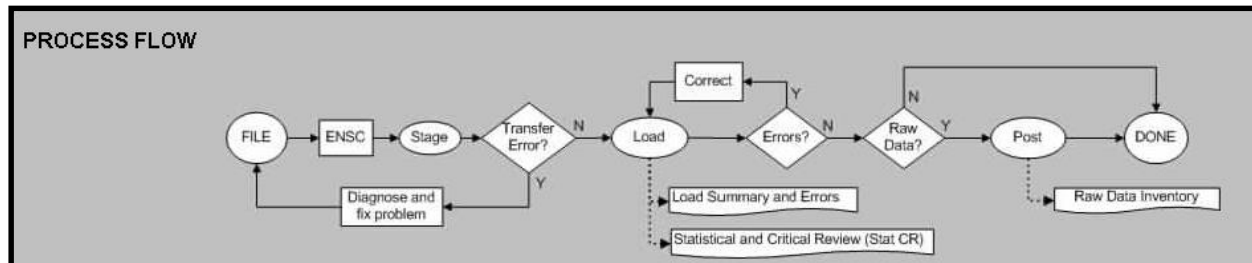
PROCESS CONTROL	Load	Post	Other
Process selected file through:	<input type="button" value="Load File"/>	<input type="button" value="Post File"/>	<input type="button" value="Show User Log"/>
Results and Reports:	<input type="button" value="Load Summary and Errors"/>	<input type="button" value="Stat CR Report"/>	<input type="button" value="Goto ENSC"/>
		<input type="button" value="Raw Data Inventory"/>	<input type="button" value="Refresh Sessions"/>

**Note] Reports can only be run within two weeks of the Submission Date.**

The last group of buttons in the Process Control area are labeled 'Other', they perform the following actions:

- Show User Log: This opens the same file that was emailed to the user (summarizing the most recent processing on the file) in a browser window.
- Goto ENSC: This opens an ENSC (file submission) window in a browser window.
- Refresh Sessions: This updates all of the information on the top part of the screen. If the user is waiting for a job to finish, the user can press this button rather than reloading the entire form to get updated information.

## 5. Process flow - A reminder of how AQS processes a file.



The History tab located on the batch form is a more detailed list of each process run by AQS (not summarized by file) that is sometimes used by the help desk for trouble-shooting.

### Stage

The first step is to Stage the data file. This means to transfer the file to AQS via the Exchange Network and then to convert the data to the AQS database format.

If the file fails to stage (there was a "Transfer Error", it never made it to AQS and the user must work with the file (and perhaps the ENSC and AQS help desks) until it can be staged.

Reasons for failure of staging are that the file is not a valid AQS submission format, there are problems with the user's credentials (e.g., incorrect screening group), or there is a network problem.

The user must diagnose and fix the problem (perhaps with the help of the data logger vendor, IT/database support, or the ENSC and AQS help desks) and attempt to stage the file again. Once the file is staged, the row on the batch form under Process Status should read STAGE-COMPLETED and showing no processing results.

### Load

After the file has been staged, it can be loaded. Loading the file moves the submitted data into the main AQS database and performs completeness and relational (e.g., is pre-requisite data present) checks.

PROCESS CONTROL		Load
Process selected file through:	<input type="button" value="Load File"/>	

The Statistical Tests and Critical Review (sometimes abbreviated StatCR or CRST) process is also performed at the end of the load step.



This process compares data to other values and expected ranges, etc. and presents any "findings" of possible outliers or other problems. These "findings" are not errors, they are really indications of a data point that is an outlier. The data may be fine, but the user should be alerted to any potential problems.

LOAD		
Recs	Recs	Stat/CR
Loaded	Failing to Load	Finding Count
10798	0	5

Note] the results of the StatCR process can change over time. For example, the data representing an incomplete calendar quarter may be different from a complete calendar quarter (this includes data in the submitted file plus any data already in AQS).

The Load process generates the "Load Summary and Errors" report. The StatCR process (automatically runs after the Load process) generates the "Statistical and Critical Review" report. Also, the fields in the Load Status area at the top of the form will be updated and the system will send the user an email with a summary of processing and links to all reports that were generated.

Results and Reports:	<a href="#">Load Summary and Errors</a>	<a href="#">Stat CR Report</a>
----------------------	---	--------------------------------

#### *Load Summary and Errors Report*

This report contains two parts. Load Summary and Load Detail.

The first is a table summarizing, by transaction type, the number of records in error and the number of records loaded (in the column labeled "Pre-Production") and the number of records posted. Recall, raw data records will be loaded (to pre-production) and any records that are not raw data will be posted if they are not in error.

The second part of this report details any errors in the data on a record by record basis. The data, in transaction format, will be presented along with the error related to that record. If there are more than a few thousand errors in the file, the system stops listing them so the report will not include all of them.

#### *Statistical and Critical Review report*

The second report generated by the load process contains information about irregularities in the processed data. These are not errors, but warnings (or "findings"). This report will list the monitor, the date/time, and the problem with any data values.

The "Records Failing to Load" column at the top of the screen or the Load Summary and Errors report will show the user if there are load errors.

Clicking the Load Summary and Errors button will open the LOAD Report in a separate browser window. The third page of this report is where the Load Detail can be found.

1. The raw data value is outside the acceptable values (the wrong unit code in the file).
2. An incorrect site ID on the raw data transaction.

If errors occurred during the load process, there are two ways that the data can be fixed. The first is to fix it in AQS via the Correct option in the Menu Bar. How to use Correct to edit the data is covered elsewhere. The second option is to delete the data out of AQS, fix the data in the original file (or database) and start the process over.

The second option is much more complicated because some of your data may have loaded, some may have posted, and some may not have loaded. However, sometimes it is the most convenient way to proceed. There are two ways to delete data that failed to load. They are both done as part of the 'Correct' process and are covered in that section.

### Raw Data?

If the user's file contains raw data the user must complete the Post process. If the file contains no raw data the data has been placed in the public part of the AQS database and the file process is complete.

### Post

The post process is necessary for raw data. It moves data from where it can only be seen by members of a select screening group to where it can be seen by any AQS user (and any EPA web application, and thus the public). It also updates all of the summary values (e.g., NAAQS durations, Daily, Annual, and Design Value if applicable) that the raw data contributes to. It is built into the process as a stopping point to allow for review of any load errors or statistical findings before making the data public.

**Note]** when the user Posts a file, it is run through both the Load (including the StatCR) and Post processes in AQS. This is to ensure that all the data in a file is processed together and no "stragglers" are left behind in our multi-step process. The unfortunate side effect of this is that older Load Summary and Error and Stat CR reports will be overwritten with new (and perhaps empty) results. If a prior version of these reports is needed, it can be obtained using the history tab. (All reports are deleted from AQS after two weeks.)

### Raw Data Inventory report

The Post process generates the Raw Data Inventory report. This report is a count by monitor and calendar quarter of the types of data actions (insert, update, and delete) that were taken by AQS.

PROCESS CONTROL	Load	Post
Process selected file through:	<input type="button" value="Load File"/>	<input type="button" value="Post File"/>
Results and Reports:	<input type="button" value="Load Summary and Errors"/>	<input type="button" value="Stat CR Report"/>
		<input type="button" value="Raw Data Inventory"/>

After running the Post process the submittal of raw data is complete.

### When Things Go Wrong

Unfortunately, not all files will be submitted in one step from the ENSC. Files may have an error that causes batch processing to stop (whether the entire file stops processing or just the records in error depends on the "Stop on Error" setting at the ENSC).

**Note]** in the second quarter of 2013:

- 7,800 files, containing 50 million transactions total, were submitted to AQS.
- 25% of files with Raw Data transactions had a raw data error.
- 50% of files without Raw Data had an error (e.g., site, monitor, or QA data error).
- A file with an error was re-processed (corrected and re-loaded) an average of 1.5 times.

When things go wrong the user can use the AQS 'Correct' (which is covered in the Correct section of this document) or the user can fix the data on the user's end either in the file or in the database and regenerate the file.

**Note]** the user should delete any erroneous data left over from processing in AQS that the user does not intend to Load or Post.

## Type of Data in AQS

### Site Data

#### Identified by:

AQS generally list site IDs in the following way:

SS-CCC-NNNN

SS is the State FIPS (Federal Information Processing Standards) Code, CCC is the County FIPS Code, and NNNN is the Site Number within the county.

**Note]** leading zeros are always included.

Example:

01-089-0014

Alabama, Madison County, Site Number 14.

Tribal site IDs do not list state and county. They are listed in the following way:

TT-BBB-NNNN

TT is two capital Ts to denote Tribal, BBB is the BIA (Bureau of Indian Affairs) Tribal code, and NNNN is the Site Number within the tribal lands.

Example:

TT-007-7002

Tribal, St. Regis Band of Mohawk Indians of New York, Site Number 7002.

### *Description*

Site information refers to the geographical location of the monitoring, such as latitude/longitude coordinates, what geopolitical areas it is in (county, city, EPA Region, etc), and local names (local address and the local site name) are kept here. Information about nearby roads is also stored with the site information.

### *Monitor Data*

#### *Identified by:*

The site where the monitor is located, the pollutant code, and POC – Parameter Occurrence Code, which is used to uniquely identify a monitor if there is more than one device measuring the same pollutant at the same site.

For example monitor IDs are usually written in the following way:

SS-CCC-NNNN-PPPPP-Q

Which is the Site ID plus, PPPPP being the AQS 5-digit parameter code, and Q is the POC.

For example:

01-089-0014-44201-2

Alabama, Madison County, Site Number 14, ozone monitor, POC 2.

### *Description*

For the purposes of AQS, a monitor does not refer to a specific piece of equipment. Instead, it reflects that a given pollutant (or other parameter) is being measured at a given site. Monitor description information covers several different types of information about how the monitor is configured. Such as:

When was the monitor operational? How high is the probe? Where is the probe located? How close is this monitor to the highway? What monitoring networks does it belong to? What is the objective of this monitor? Who owns and operates this monitor?

### *Ambient Air Quality Data*

#### *Identified by:*

The monitor where the measurement was taken and the time when the sample was taken.

### *Description*

Raw data, also called sample data, is by far the most abundant data in the database. The raw data are the individual measurements collected from the monitors.

## Quality Assurance Data

### Identified by:

The monitor or lab where the measurement was taken and the time when the sample was taken.

### Description

Quality assurance (QA) data is also a type of raw data (since it represents individual samples), but it is processed and stored differently by AQS and included in a separate category.

### Summary Data

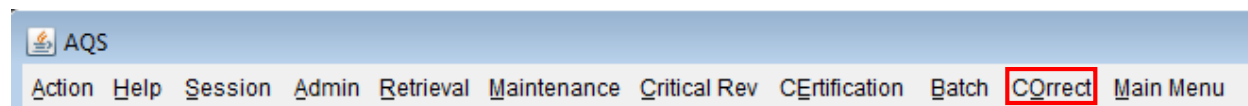
#### Description

All of the data is submitted to AQS for one primary purpose: to determine the exposure of populations to certain pollutants. Since most of the health-related measurements are couched averages of various time lengths, the system creates multiple levels of summaries of the raw data. The data is summarized on a daily, quarterly, and annual basis. Additionally, if there is a national standard for pollutant with a special averaging time (such as a running 8-hour average for example), the system will create these summarized averages as well.

## Correct

### Correct Overview

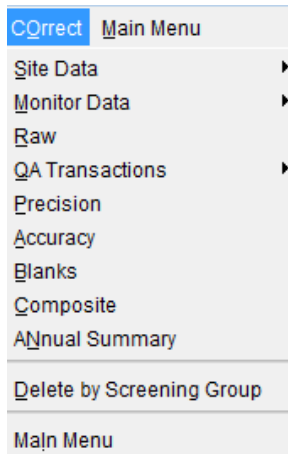
Correct within AQS is used to modify data that has been staged but not yet loaded. Correct only works on data that has been staged and not yet loaded.



The Correct menu item is only used on data that is in error (or could not be loaded because related data was in error). If AQS is processing a batch file and encounters an error that prevents data from being loaded, it keeps this data in an area of the system call the "Staging Tables". Only erroneous data is kept in the staging tables. Once data is loaded (moved into AQS from the staging tables) it is no longer available to Correct.

Since each transaction is formatted differently (has a different number of fields with different content), there is a Correct form for each transaction type. (Exception, many of the QA-related transactions are grouped into the same correct form). General instructions will be given for Correct forms since all Correct forms operate in the same manner; forms that have special operations associated with them will be mentioned.

To access a correct form the user will click the Correct link in the Menu Bar, this will open a drop down menu. Here the user will select the particular form from the menu or sub-menu.



Under Site Data:

- Site
- Open Path
- Tangent Road
- Site Sampler
- Sampler Channel

Under Monitor Data:

- Monitor
- Samp Period
- Types
- Objectives
- Samp Schedule
- Probe Obs
- Reg Compliance
- Collocation
- Protocol
- Agency
- Tangent Road
- Monitor Network Affiliations
- Primary Monitor Period
- Monitor Channel
- Monitor Method
- Monitor Exclusion

Under QA Transactions:

- One Point QC
- Annual Performance Evaluation

- Semi Annual Flow Rate Audit
- Flow Rate Verification
- PM-Coarse Flow Rate Verification
- PM Coarse Semi Flow Rate Audit
- Performance Evaluation Program
- NPAP
- Field Proficiency Test
- Duplicate
- Replicate
- Speciation Flow Rate Verification
- Speciation Semi Annual Flow Rate Audit
- Pb Analysis Audit
- Lab Proficiency Test
- Ozone SRP and Standard Transfer Verifications
- Ambient Air Protocol Gas Verification Program

### Correct Raw Data

This section covers how to correct Raw Data.

#### Correct procedure

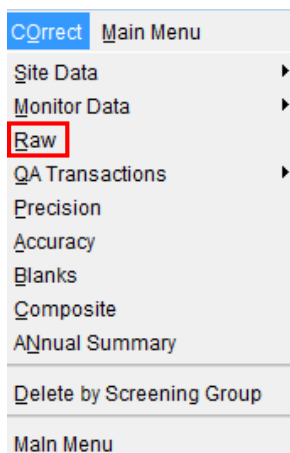
1. The user will select the correct form from the menu or sub-menu
2. The user will query the data requiring correcting from the AQS database
3. The user will edit the data
4. The user will save the data back to the AQS staging area

**Note]** when the user loads data from the database into the form that information is removed from the database and only exists on the form.



## Open Correct Raw Data Form

To access the Raw Data Form the user will click the Correct link in the Menu Bar, this will open a drop down menu. Here the user will click the Raw link from the menu.

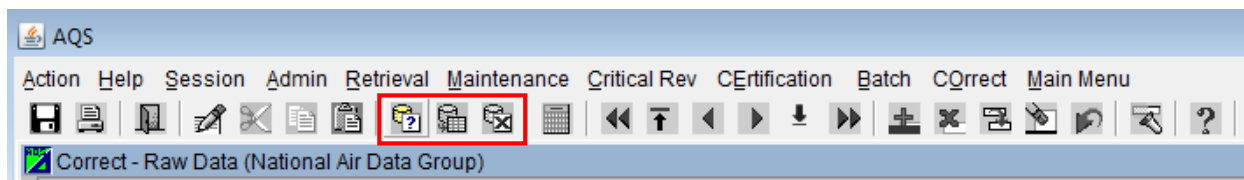


This will open the Raw Data Form.

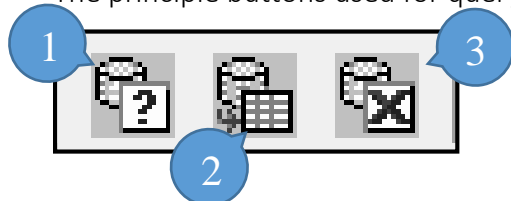
A screenshot of the 'Correct - Raw Data (National Air Data Group)' form. The form has a menu bar with 'Action', 'Help', 'Session', 'Admin', 'Retrieval', 'Maintenance', 'Critical Rev', 'Certification', 'Batch', 'Correct', and 'Main Menu'. Below the menu bar is a toolbar with various icons. The main area contains a table with columns: State Code, County Code, Site Id, Parameter Code, POC Ind, Action Ind, Session Date, Duration Code, Reported Method, Unit Code, Coll Date, Coll Time, Rpt Samp Value, Null Data Code, and Ci. The table is currently empty. Below the table is a 'Delete All Selected' button. At the bottom, there is a section for error handling with columns: Column Name, Error Code, and Error Message.

## Query Data

The user will query data from the database in to the form.



The principle buttons used for query operations are:



(1) Enter Query (2) Execute Query (3) Cancel Query

## Enter Query

When the form opens it defaults to query mode, it assumes the user wants to bring data from the AQS database into the form and allows the user to query all data or limit the data by inputting specific parameters. If the user would prefer to enter data manually then the user must click the cancel query button. However, once the user has begun to enter data manually the query function is no longer available unless the user clears the form.

The purpose of the Enter Query function is to bring data from the database into the form, edit it, and save it back into the AQS database.

Entering values into any field will allow the user to narrow searches. For example, if the user wanted only data for a specific state, the user would enter the corresponding a state code. If the user wanted data for just one parameter in a specific state the user would enter the state code and a parameter code.

A correct form will never bring back data not in the user's screening group.

Once the user has entered query criteria the user will execute the query to bring the data from AQS into the form.

### Execute Query

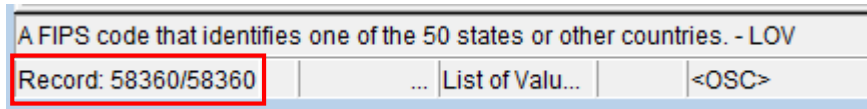
This button retrieves all of the user's screening group data, matching the query criteria, into the Correct form. If no query criteria was entered all data from the screening group will be returned.

**Note]** all records in the staging tables the match the query criteria will be returned.

To force all of the data to be moved from the database to the form the user will click the Last Record button, otherwise the data is retrieved on screen/page at a time.



The status bar at the bottom left of the screen will display the number of records moved from the database to the form.



### Cancel Query

This button cancels any active query and cancels the query mode.

The user may need to use this button to execute a second query if the first returned no data. After the user has executed a query with no results the Cancel Query button should be clicked then clicking the Enter Query button will allow the user to enter new criteria.

## Edit Data

Once the data is in the form changes can be made to it. There are two ways to do this.

### Edit options

#### 1. Type Over

Edit the data field by field (box by box) on the screen. The user will select text or place the cursor where necessary and insert, delete, or replace text.

#### 2. Global replace

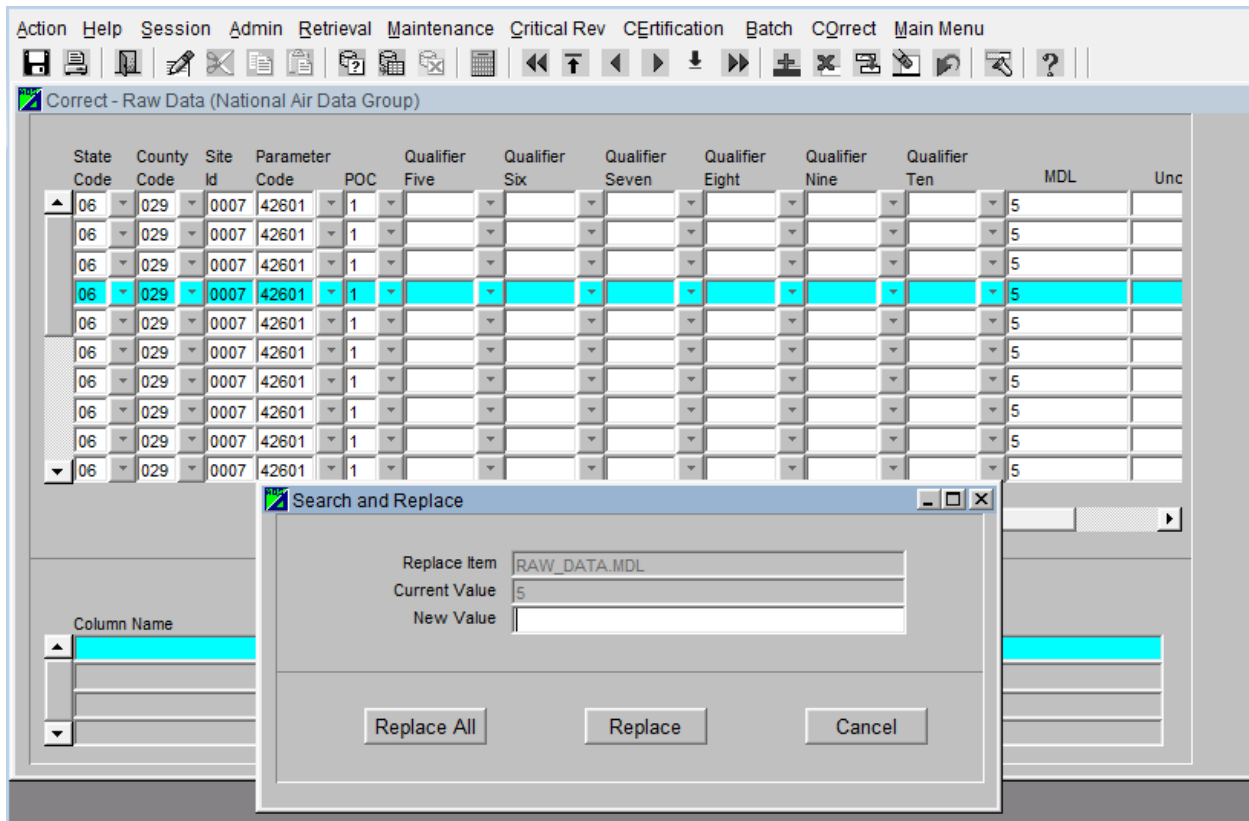
Perform a "search and replace" in a single column. The user does this by placing the cursor in the value to be replaced.

The screenshot shows a software window titled "Correct - Raw Data (National Air Data Group)". It features a menu bar with "Action", "Help", "Session", "Admin", "Retrieval", "Maintenance", "Critical Rev", "CErtification", "Batch", "CQrrect", and "Main Menu". Below the menu is a toolbar with various icons. The main area contains a table with the following columns: State Code, County Code, Site Id, Parameter Code, POC, Qualifier Five, Qualifier Six, Qualifier Seven, Qualifier Eight, Qualifier Nine, Qualifier Ten, MDL, and Unc. The table has 10 rows of data. The row with State Code "06", County Code "029", Site Id "0007", Parameter Code "42601", and POC "1" is highlighted in cyan. Within this row, the "MDL" column value "5" is highlighted with a red rectangular box.

Then presses the Search and Replace icon.

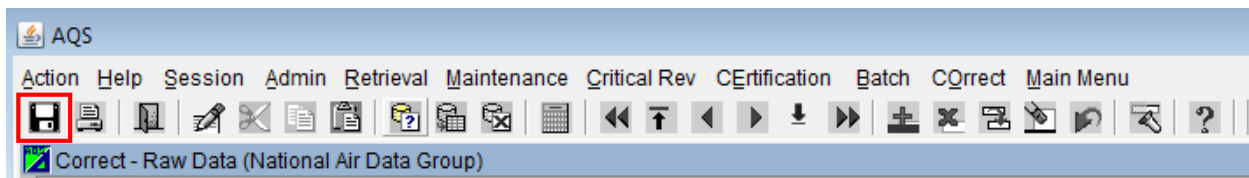
This screenshot shows the same software window as the previous one, but with the "Search and Replace" icon (represented by a magnifying glass over a document) highlighted with a red rectangular box in the toolbar.

This will bring up a window that will allow the user to replace the current occurrence or every occurrence in that column for all data retrieved by the query.

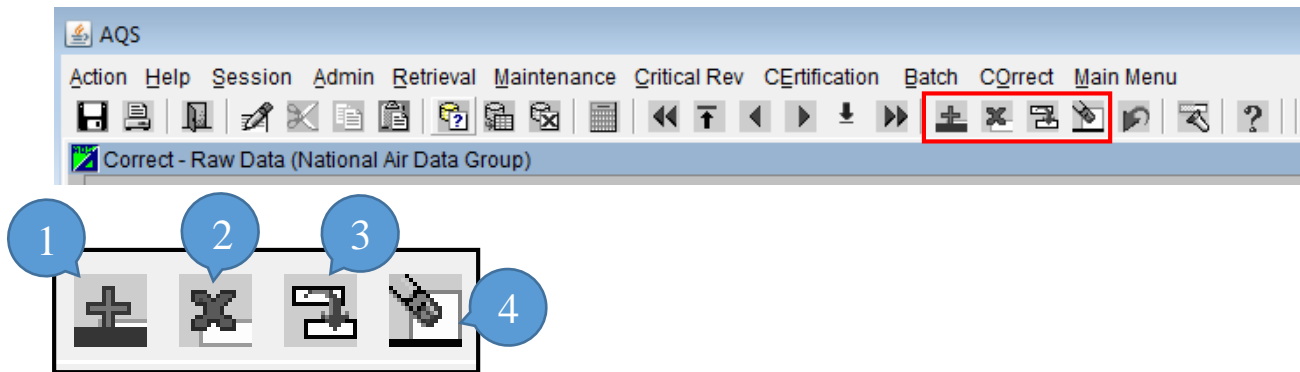


### Save the Data

Ater the data has been edited it is still only in the form until it is saved. Clicking the save icon will move all of the data from the Correct form to the database.



## Other Correct Features



(1) Insert Record (2) Remove Record (3) Duplicate Record (4) Clear Record

**Insert Record:** Inserts a new blank record after the highlighted one.

**Remove Record:** Deletes the highlighted record.

**Duplicate Record:** Duplicates a record.

**Clear Record:** Deletes all of the contents of the fields, but not the record.

## The Delete All Selected button

[illegible]

This button deletes all records that were returned by the query.

Note] this deletes all records that are listed in the display not just the selected records.

## Correct Highlights

- Only data that has not yet been loaded into AQS (the staging tables).
- The user can only see data in the user's respective screening group.
- All changes must be saved (including deletes).

## Correct - Submitting Corrected Data

### Submitting Corrected Data

After the user has made the changes and saved them using the correct forms the data will need to be loaded into AQS. In order to do this the user will:

1. Go back to the Batch form.
2. Highlight the records associated with the file whose data was being corrected.
3. Press the Load File or Post File buttons, depending on what processes needs to be ran.

The process status and the Load and Post record counts will update just as for any other batch process.



## On-Line Data Tools – Maintain

### Maintain Overview

Maintain allows the user to:

1. Enter new data into the database (without having to go through the batch load process)
2. Edit data in the database ("maintain" it)

Correct and Maintain are very similar in operation - they are a series of forms that allow you to edit data.

There are also a few important differences between Correct and Maintain:

Correct	Maintain
Operates on data not yet loaded into AQS	Operates directly on the AQS database
Forms mirror the structure of the text transactions	Forms mirror the structure of the AQS database
Generally one row for each transaction	Forms are laid out to be easier to read and contain more data
Data not checked for errors until it is Loaded	Data checked for errors when it is saved
User can only see data in respective screening group	If logged in as read only, the user can see any production status data

Maintain is useful for the following tasks:

1. Creating site and monitor records.
  1. Lists-of-values make it unnecessary to know codes
  2. Site form has Check Completeness and Create Monitor buttons
  3. Monitor form has Check Completeness and Duplicate monitor buttons
  4. Each "subordinate" record is displayed as a separate tab
  5. The user can close monitor by entering a close date and saving the record – all subordinate records will automatically be populated with end dates.

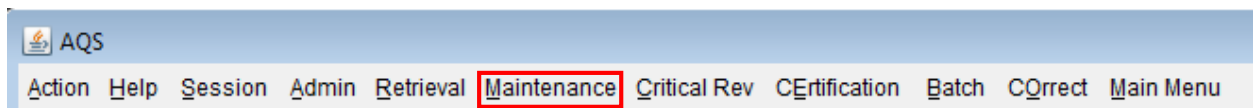
2. Entering small amounts of data into AQS.
  1. Data you would rather type than create a transaction and use the load process for
  2. Data that you don't have transactions for
3. Entering data for which there are not transactions defined
  1. Events

### How to use Maintain

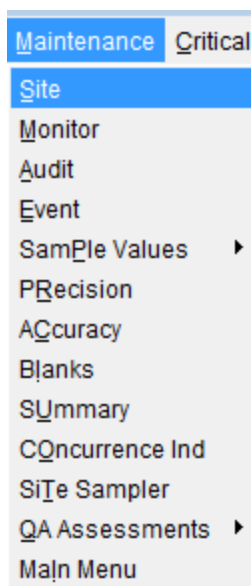
The procedure for using Maintain is the same as for Correct.

1. The user will open the maintain form
2. Query the data to edit from the AQS database into the form
3. Edit the data
4. Save the data back to the AQS database

To enter new data (rather than query old data) the user will click the Cancel Query icon and begin entering new data.



To access a maintain form the user will click the Maintain link in the Menu Bar, this will open a drop down menu. Here the user will select the particular form from the menu or sub-menu.



Under Sample Values:

- Raw Data
- Composite Data
- Delete Production Data

Under QA Assessments:

- 1-Point QC
- Field Proficiency Tests
- Flow Rate Verification
- PEP
- Semi Annual Flow Rate Audit
- Annual Performance Evaluation
- NPAP Assessment
- Duplicate Assessment
- Replicate Assessment
- PMc Flow Rate Verification
- PMc Semi Flow Rate Audit
- Speciation Flow Rate Verification
- Speciation Semi Annual Flow Rate Audit
- Lead Analysis Audit
- Lab Proficiency Test
- AA-PGVP Assessment
- Ozone SRP Assessment
- Audits of Data Quality
- Technical Systems Audits
- QA Project Plans
- Quality Management Plans

## Maintain Site

The screenshot shows the 'Maintain Site (National Air Data Group)' window. It features a tabbed interface with the following tabs: Basic Site Data, Additional Site Data, Agency Roles, Tangent Roads, Open Paths, Comments, and Primary Monitor Periods. The 'Basic Site Data' tab is active. The form is divided into several sections: 'Site Identification' (State Code: 01, Alabama; County Code: 055, Etowah; Site Id: 0003; Status Ind: P), 'User Coordinates' (Horizontal Datum: NAD27; Latitude: 34.011111; Longitude: -86.0575; UTM Zone: 16; UTM Easting: 587031; UTM Northing: 3763590; a 'Lookup Geography' button is highlighted with a red box and callout 2), 'Standard Coordinates' (Datum, Latitude, Longitude), 'Horizontal Method' (027, Unknown), 'Horizontal Accuracy' (0 Meters), 'Source Map Scale (Non-GPS)' (0), 'Vertical Measure' (173 Meters), 'Vertical Accuracy' (0 Meters), 'Vertical Datum' (UNKNOWN), 'Vertical Method' (000, UNKNOWN), 'Street Address' (WALNUT PARK FIRE STATION), 'Land Use Type' (INDUSTRIAL), 'Location Setting' (URBAN AND CENTER CITY), 'City Code' (28696, Gadsden), 'Urban Area Code' (2880, GADSDEN, AL), 'AQCR Code' (003, EAST ALABAMA), 'Site Established Date (YYYYMMDD)' (19720101), 'Time Zone Name' (CENTRAL), and 'Owning Agency' (0013, Al Dept Of Env Mgt). At the bottom, there are two buttons: 'Check Completeness' (highlighted with a red box and callout 3) and 'Create Monitor' (highlighted with a red box and callout 4). Callout 1 points to the 'Basic Site Data' tab.

The Maintain Site form is used to enter or edit all data relating to a site. This includes data from the site basic transaction and all of the site subordinate transactions.

- (1) On this form, data from each transaction type is included under a separate tab.
- (2) Lookup Geography button allows the geographic coordinates in either latitude and longitude or UTM (Universal Transverse Mercator) to be entered. When this button is clicked, the EPA standard coordinates (lat/lon in the NAD83 datum) are calculated and populated. Also, much of the other geographic data is populated (city, zip, etc.)
- (3) The Check Completeness button can help the user determine if AQS thinks that data needed to make a site "complete" is present. This is a convenience to help the user keep track of what to do next, but does not have to be used.
- (4) Once the user has completely entered (and saved) site data, the user may create a monitor with as much data as possible pre-populated in the Maintain Monitor form by clicking the Create Monitor button.

## Maintain Monitor

**Maintain - Monitors (National Air Data Group)**

State Code	County Code	Site Id	Parameter Code	POC	Status Ind
01	055	0003	12105	2	P

Project Class	02	Dominant Source	
Meas Scale		Open Path Num	
Probe Location		Probe Height	5
Probe Vert Dist		Surrogate Ind	
Samp Res Time		Last Samp Date	19881001
Close Date		Monitoring Agency (Owner)	1106 US EPA National Exposure Research

Probe Hor Dist	
Unrest Air Flow	
Last Post Date	

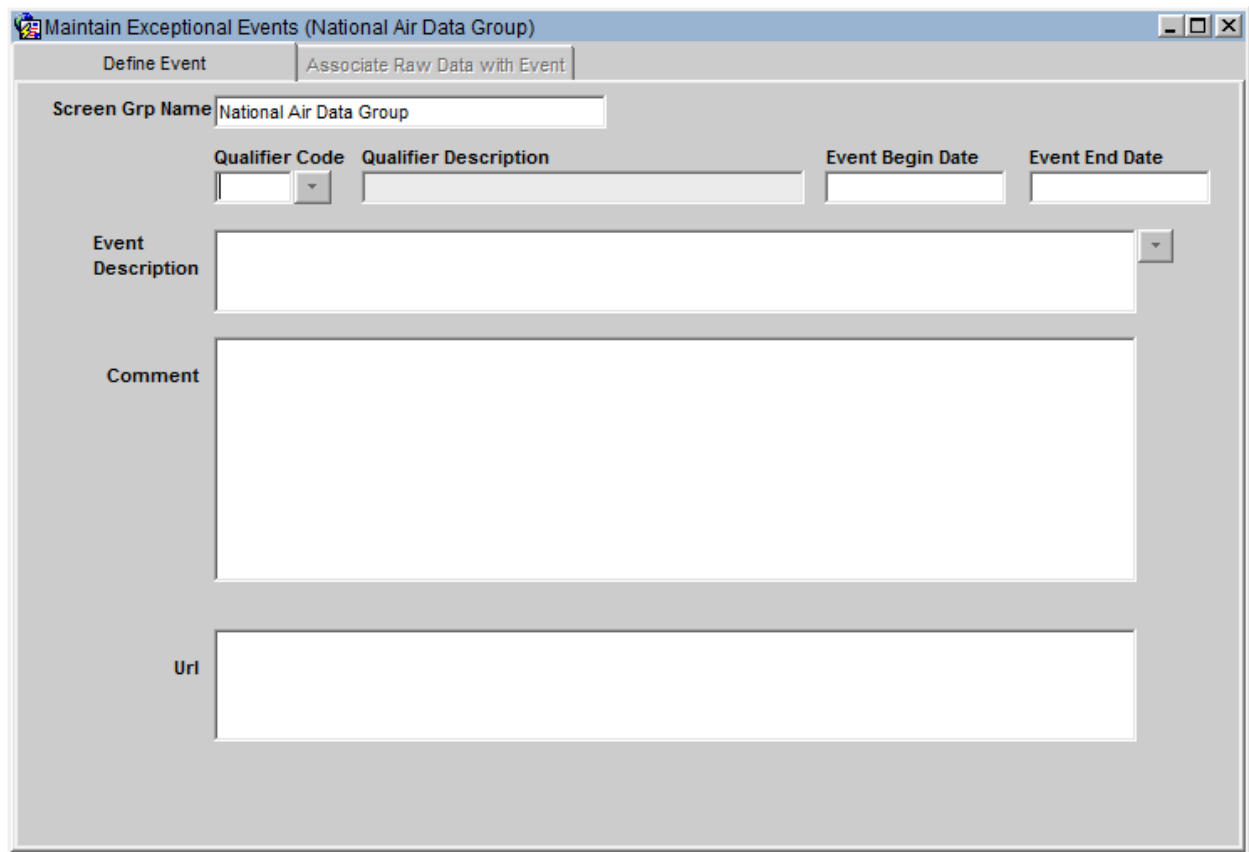
**Check Completeness**   **Duplicate Monitor**

**1** Monitor Basic  
Sample Periods  
Type Assign.  
Network Affiliations  
Agency Roles  
Objectives  
Req Frequencies  
QA Collocation  
Methods  
Exclusions  
Pollutant Area  
Tangent Road  
Probe Obs.  
Reg Compliances  
Protocols  
Channels  
Comments

The Maintain Monitor form is used to enter or edit all data relating to a monitor. This includes data from the monitor basic transaction and all of the site subordinate transactions.

- (1) On this form, data from each transaction type is included under a separate tab.
- (2) The Check Completeness button can help the user determine if AQS thinks that data needed to make a monitor "complete" is present. This can be more convenient than attempting to save the record and getting a series of errors.
- (3) Once the user has completely entered (and saved) data for a monitor the user may create a duplicate of that monitor with as much data as possible pre-populated in the Maintain Monitor form by clicking the Duplicate Monitor button. This is convenient for creating a collocated monitor, or series of speciation monitors, etc.

## Maintain Event



**Maintain Exceptional Events (National Air Data Group)**

Define Event | Associate Raw Data with Event

Screen Grp Name: National Air Data Group

Qualifier Code	Qualifier Description	Event Begin Date	Event End Date
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

Event Description:

Comment:

Url:

Exceptional events do not have a transaction type in AQS. Therefore the Maintain Event form must be used to enter and update event information that will be used to apply for exclusions.

[illegible]

55

## Maintain Precision

**Maintain Precision Data (National Air Data Group)**

State	County	Site	Parameter	POC	Begin Date	End Date
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

Precision Date	Precision Id	Precision Sample Id	Precision Data Type
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

Indicated Method	Indicated Unit	Indicated Duration	Indicated Value
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

Actual Method	Actual Unit	Actual Duration	Actual Value
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

The user will likely use this form to enter or edit QA data.



## Maintain Accuracy

**Maintain Accuracy Data (National Air Data Group)**

**Accuracy Data**

State  County  Site  Parameter  POC  Begin Date  End Date

Audit Type  Auc Audit Class  Acc Date  Year  Qtr  Accuracy Type

Local Pri Std  Audit Sample Id  Expiration Date  Audit Scheduled  Zero Span Value

**Monitor Protocol**

Method  Unit  Duration

**Accuracy Audits**

Audit Id  Previous  Next

Level Number		Actual Value	Indicated Value
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

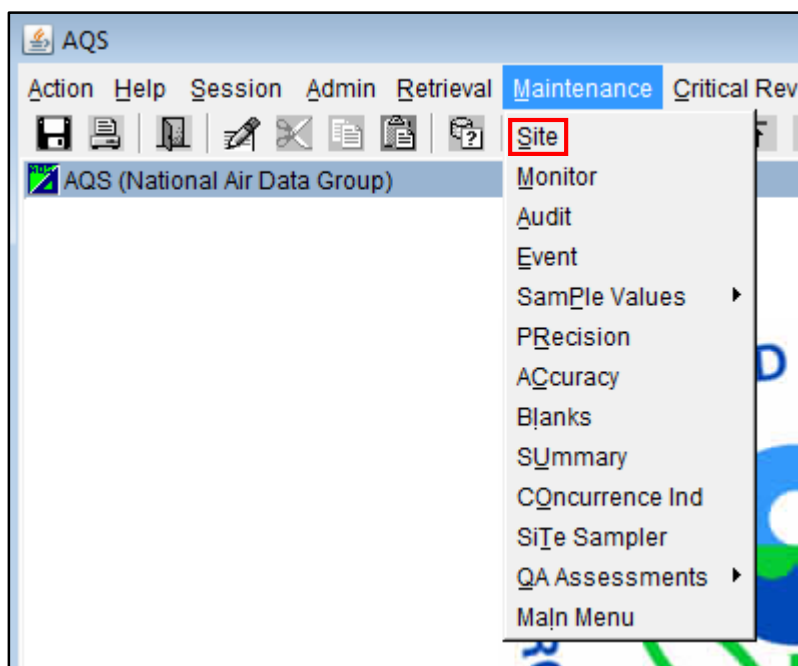
The user will likely use this form to enter or edit QA data.

## Maintain Site

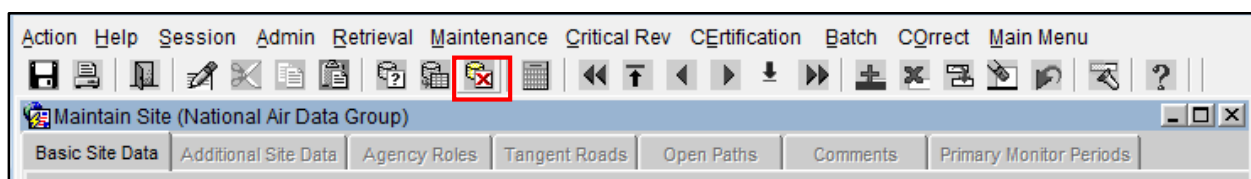
This section describes how to use the maintain forms to create a new site in AQS.

### Enter Site Basic Info

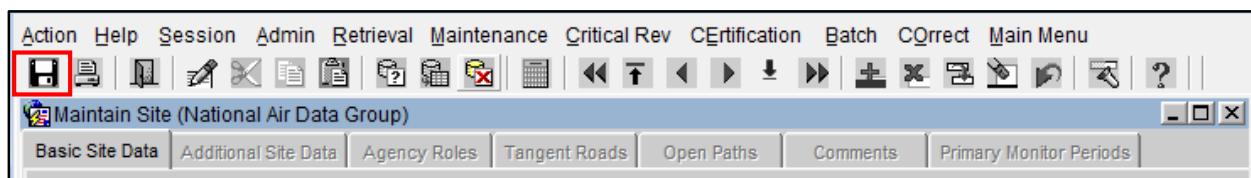
To access the Site form the user will click the Maintain link in the Menu Bar, this will open a drop down menu. Here the user will select Site from the drop down menu.



To create a new Site the user will first click the Cancel Query icon.



The user then needs to fill in all of the required fields. Required fields are indicated by the bolding of the field name. Once all of the required fields are populated the user should click the Save icon.

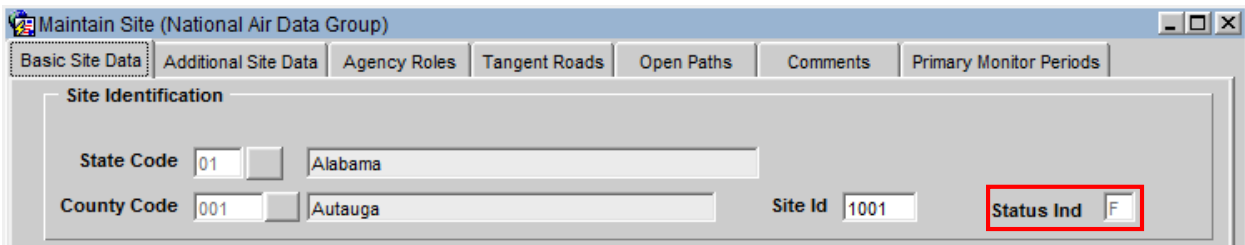


The status bar (at the bottom left of the screen) should indicate that a record has been applied and saved.

At this point the site is still incomplete as additional information is required, such as Supporting Agency Role and at least one Monitor record.

## Status Indicators

On the Basic Site Data tab the Status Ind(icator) field will show a value of "F".



The screenshot shows a software window titled "Maintain Site (National Air Data Group)". It has several tabs: "Basic Site Data", "Additional Site Data", "Agency Roles", "Tangent Roads", "Open Paths", "Comments", and "Primary Monitor Periods". The "Basic Site Data" tab is active. Under the "Site Identification" section, there are four fields: "State Code" with value "01" and a dropdown menu showing "Alabama"; "County Code" with value "001" and a dropdown menu showing "Autauga"; "Site Id" with value "1001"; and "Status Ind" with value "F". The "Status Ind" field is highlighted with a red rectangular box.

Status Indicators are very important in AQS. Every time data is put into AQS the system performs a variety of checks on that data:

1. Is each value a valid value (within acceptable ranges)?
2. Is the format correct (e.g., number versus text)?
3. Are mandatory fields present?
4. Is prerequisite data present (e.g., a monitor must exist before raw data can be loaded)?
5. Is co-requisite data present (e.g., a site must have a Supporting Agency Role, a raw data value must have a Sample Begin Time)?
6. Did raw data undergo the Statistical and Critical Review checks?

Depending on the answers to these questions, (almost) all incoming data is assigned a Status Indicator. This value may change as the data progresses through software checks.

Status Indicators and their meanings:

Status Indicator	Status	Meaning
F	Fields Valid	The individual data elements (fields) are valid (ranges, formats, etc.).
R	Relationally Valid	Prerequisite and co-requisite data is present and complete.
S	Stats Checked	This data has been through the Statistical and Critical Review process.
I	Inactive	This data is no longer relevant. We inactivate some data rather than delete it to keep audit trails.
P	Production	This data is has successfully been submitted to AQS. The reporting requirement has been met. This data is available to anyone.

### Enter an Agency Role

The user will click the Agency Roles tab. This will open up the Agency Roles form. The user will populate the Agency Role, Agency Code, and Begin Date fields. Once this is complete the user should click the save icon and verify that the save was successful on the status bar.

Agency Role	Agency Code	Agency Desc	Begin Date	End Date
▲ SUPPORTING	1108	US EPA/OAQPS	20010101	

## Create a Monitor

To add a monitor the user will click the Create Monitor button at the bottom of the Basic Site Data form.

**Maintain Site (National Air Data Group)**

**Basic Site Data** | Additional Site Data | Agency Roles | Tangent Roads | Open Paths | Comments | Primary Monitor Periods

**Site Identification**

State Code: 01 Alabama  
County Code: 001 Autauga Site Id: 1001 Status Ind: F

**User Coordinates**

Horizontal Datum: NAD27 Latitude: 32.5367 Longitude: -86.6483  
UTM Zone: UTM Easting: UTM Northing: Lookup Geography

**Standard Coordinates:** Datum: NAD83 Latitude: 32.536872 Longitude: -86.648285

Horizontal Method: 103 GPS  
Horizontal Accuracy (Meters): 50 Source Map Scale (Non-GPS):  
Vertical Measure (Meters): 50 Vertical Accuracy (Meters): 50 Vertical Datum: MEAN SEA-L  
Vertical Method: 008 OTHER

Street Address: 889 Love Ln  
Land Use Type: COMMERCIAL Location Setting: RURAL  
City Code: Urban Area Code:  
AQCR Code: 002 COLUMBUS-PHENIX CITY  
Site Established Date (YYYYMMDD): 20010101 Time Zone Name: CENTRAL  
Owning Agency: 1108 US EPA/OAQPS

Check Completeness **Create Monitor**

Once this button is clicked AQS will open the Monitor Basic tab of the Maintain Monitors form.

Once all mandatory data is entered in this tab (by adding Parameter Code and POC (Parameter Occurrence Code)) then remainder of the tabs become available for editing (go from grayed out to selectable).

**Note]** on this form, the Save icon is grayed out (not selectable) until you enter all mandatory fields.

**Note]** that the Check Completeness button stays grayed out even though the required Monitor Basic information is populated. To activate the Check Completeness button the user must navigate away from the Monitor Basic tab and back to it.

To complete data entry for the monitor the user can either click on each of the tabs and fill in the required fields (indicated with bold field names) or click the Check Completeness button for a to-do list. Once all required fields are populated the user should click the Save icon.

## Adding Events via Maintain

### Maintain Event

This section will describe how to use the maintain forms to create a new exceptional event and associate it with raw data. This section of the document is separate from the Maintain section because it is a special case - there are currently no AQS transactions for events, so the only way to enter this data is via the maintain forms.

### Exceptional Event Rule

The Exceptional Event Rule (EER) was published March 22, 2007 and became effective May 21, 2007. The EER allows the ambient air quality data which is submitted to AQS and used in making regulatory decisions, to be, in some cases, flagged and, where appropriate, excluded from calculations in determining whether or not an area has attained the standard. The data flagged as “exceptional” must have been affected by an exceptional event, which is defined as an event that affects air quality, is not reasonably controllable or preventable, is an event caused by human activity that is unlikely to recur at a particular location or a natural event, and is determined by the EPA in accordance with 40CFR 50.14 to be an exceptional event. At present, the EER applies only to ozone and PM.

### Event Process Workflow

This section outlines exceptional event related steps occur and in what order. Not all of these steps involve AQS. Steps that are performed within AQS are in italics. How to use AQS to perform these functions is covered next.

1. Event happens. The real-world exceptional event occurs.
2. Event affects data. Ambient air quality is affected by the exceptional event and measured by monitor reporting to AQS.
3. Should data be excluded? Reporting agency investigates and determines that there is cause to suspect exceptional event influence on the sample measurement(s)
4. *Data is flagged. Reporting agency flags the data in AQS that is suspected of being influenced by the exceptional event (note: the flagging of data can occur either before or after the data is submitted to AQS; reporting agency has until July 1st of the year following the year in which the flagged measurement occurred to add an exceptional event qualifier flag)*
5. *Event is defined. Reporting agency enters the initial Event description; AQS responds by creating the event record (note: reporting agency has until July 1st of the year following the year in which the flagged measurement occurred to add an initial description of the exceptional event)*

6. *Associate data with event. Reporting agency accesses AQS to associate the appropriate flagged values with the Event (AQS saves date of association;*
7. Justify exclusion request. Reporting agency can take up to 3 years from the time of the event to conduct analysis, hold public review, prepare justification documentation and submit documentation to the EPA. For appropriate flagged measurements, the reporting agency develops documentation that the exceedance was caused by the exceptional event.
  1. A clear causal relationship exists between the event and the measurement;
  2. The measurement is in excess of normal historical fluctuations, including background;
  3. There would not have been an exceedance or violation if the event had not occurred;
  4. The required public comment process has been followed;
  5. The documentation package includes references to specific exceedances of a specific NAAQS.
8. Submit package. Reporting agency submits (via hardcopy or electronic means) the required justification documentation for affected measurements to their EPA Regional Office
9. Regional Review. EPA Regional Administrator reviews documentation with respect to:
  1. Validity of event occurrence;
  2. Causal relationship to the monitoring data (exceedances) under consideration
10. *Concurrence Indicator Updated. Regional administrator accesses AQS to Concur or Deny with the exclusion request, with respect to the specific NAAQS*
11. *Exclude Data. AQS re-computes affected summaries.*

## Flag Values with Event Qualifiers

Sample values (raw data) can be flagged using either the Batch process or Maintain forms.

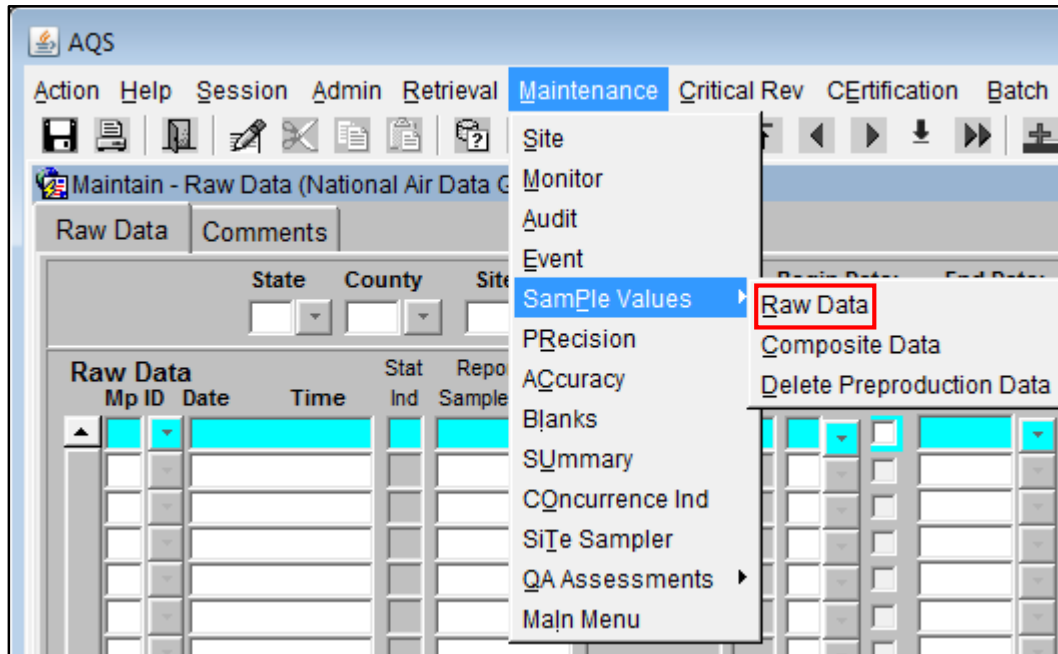
### Flagging Values via Batch Data

1. Create transactions that have Request Exclusion Qualifiers (see the Data Coding Manual for details) appropriate to the event type.
  1. The transactions can be Insert transactions for new data or Update or Replace transactions for data already in AQS.
2. Load this data using the Batch process.



### Flagging Values via Maintain

1. The reporting agency user determines that a specific sample measurement (or small set of measurements) is affected by an exceptional event.
2. The user decides whether to flag the sample measurement with the Informational Qualifier ("INFORM") or the Exclusion Qualifier ("REQEXC") for the event type.
3. The user queries the measurement. In AQS, Maintain → Sample Values → Raw Data



4. The user will then use the Query tool to select the sample measurement to which the user wants to add (or modify) the qualifier code. (State, County, Site, Parameter and/or Begin and End Dates. Then Execute Query)

Maintain - Raw Data (National Air Data Group)

Raw Data | Comments

State: 37 County: 063 Site: 9999 Parameter: 88101 POC: 1 Begin Date: End Date: Standard Units: 105

Raw Data	Mp ID	Date	Time	Stat Ind	Reported Sample Value	Standard Sample Value	EPA Ind	Action Ind	Exclusion Ind	Null	Data Code	Description	Uncertainty Value
▲	1	20140220	00:00	P	2	2							
	1	20140214	00:00	P	3	3							
	1	20140208	00:00	P	1	1							

Qualifier Code: Qualifier Desc: Qualifier Type:

Event Description: Association Date:

Event Comment:

Event URL:

Monitor Protocol: Method: 116 Unit: 105 Duration: 7 Coll Frequency: Alt Mdl:

5. The user will then add an exceptional event qualifier to the raw data record.

The user will select the record to add the exceptional event to by clicking the record field, the respective record should now be highlighted.

Maintain - Raw Data (National Air Data Group)

Raw Data | Comments

State: 37 County: 063 Site: 9999 Parameter: 88101 POC: 1 Begin Date: End Date: Standard Units: 105

Raw Data	Mp ID	Date	Time	Stat Ind	Reported Sample Value	Standard Sample Value	EPA Ind	Action Ind	Exclusion Ind	Null	Data Code	Description	Uncertainty Value
▲	1	20140220	00:00	P	2	2							
▲	1	20140214	00:00	P	3	3							
	1	20140208	00:00	P	1	1							

Qualifier Code: Qualifier Desc: Qualifier Type:

Event Description: Association Date:

Event Comment:

Event URL:

Monitor Protocol: Method: 116 Unit: 105 Duration: 7 Coll Frequency: Alt Mdl:

At this point the user will select the appropriate code from the (1) Qualifier Code drop down menu. This will open a (2) pop-up, for the user to select the exceptional event.

Note] Exclusion Qualifier ("REQEXC") codes all begin with the letter 'R'.

Then, the user will save the changes by clicking the Save icon.

The sample value now has an exceptional event qualifier. Before this sample is visible to the Regional Office for concurrence purposes, the sample values must be associated with an existing Exceptional Event. If an event has been previously defined the user may associate the raw data with it at this point. If no event has yet been defined the user can create one.

6. Associating data with an event (optional at this point). The Event Association block is on the bottom right of the Maintain Raw Data form:

Click the Event Description LOV.

To associate the data with an existing event the user will select it from the drop-down. This will populate the event description portion of the form. The user will then click the Save icon.

**Note]** selecting CREATE EVENT from the list will take the user to the Maintain → Event form.

7. When all the sample values have been flagged, then Stat/CR and Post must be run from the Batch menu.

From the menu bar the user will select Batch, then select the appropriate session record, and click the Post button.

The POST process initiates the re-computation of all of the summaries (at monitor-level: NAAQS Averages, Daily Summaries, Quarterly Summaries, Annual Summaries; and at site-level: Daily Summaries, Quarterly Summaries, Annual Summaries, and 3-Year design values for O<sub>3</sub> and PM<sub>2.5</sub>).

8. The user will see a warning message at which point the user will click 'Yes' then an Information window will pop-up at which point the user will click OK.
9. The Process Status will update to POST-COMPLETED.

### Defining an Exceptional Event

Exceptional events must be described and documented in order for EPA regional office to concur on affected data requests. This documentation must be completed in AQS via online forms.

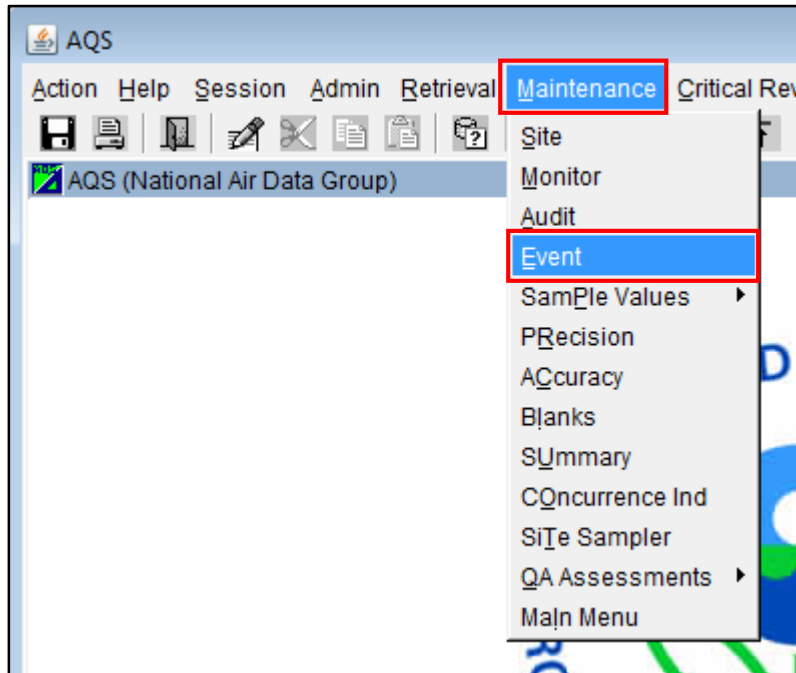
Users do not have to define an exceptional event as a prerequisite to flagging measurement data with the qualifier code. However, if a user requests concurrence from EPA for flagged data to be excluded, then the exceptional event needs to be defined before the concurrence flags can be set.

In order to add exceptional events the user must be in the screening group that "owns" the data and the user must have the authority to edit raw data and event data.

The event can be defined either via Maintain Exceptional Events (recommended if it is anticipated that this event will affect many sample values) or via Maintain Raw for each sample value.

## Using Maintain Event to Define and Associate Events

The user will click Maintain on the Menu Bar. This will open the drop down and the user will then select Event. This will open up the Maintain Exceptional Events form.



Required information to define an exceptional event:

- Qualifier Code (this is the type of event and are selected from the drop down - these map to the REQEXC type qualifiers).
- Event Description.

Optional information:

- Event Begin Date.
- Event End Date.
- Comment.
- URL.

The screenshot shows a software window titled "Maintain Exceptional Events (National Air Data Group)". It has two tabs: "Define Event" and "Associate Raw Data with Event". The "Define Event" tab is active and contains the following fields:

- Screen Grp Name:** A text box containing "National Air Data Group".
- Qualifier Code:** A dropdown menu.
- Qualifier Description:** A text box.
- Event Begin Date:** A text box.
- Event End Date:** A text box.
- Event Description:** A text box.
- Comment:** A large text area.
- Uri:** A text box.

On the Define Event tab the user will:

1. Use the drop down on "Qualifier Code" to select the type of exceptional event - **required**
  1. The "Qualifier Description" field will be populated with the description matching the Qualifier Code selection.
2. Add an "Event Begin Date" and "Event End Date" in YYYYMMDD format – **optional**
  1. Usually exceptional events have a distinct begin and end date.
3. "Event Description" – comment field - **required**
4. "Comment" – comment field - **optional**
5. "URL" – add a link to a webpage to add additional explanatory materials - **optional**

AQS

Action Help Session Admin Maintenance Critical Rev Certification Batch Correct Main Menu

Maintain Exceptional Events (National Air Data Group)

Define Event Associate Raw Data with Event

Screen Group Name: National Air Data Group

Qualifier Code	Qualifier Description	Event Begin Date	Event End Date
RH	Fireworks	20140214	20140214

Event Description: Firework display

Comment:

Url:

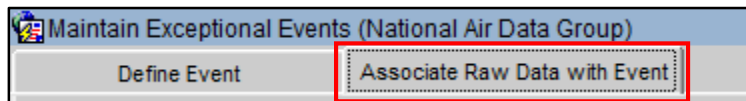
If there is an existing Exceptional Event, then the user can query the event by:

1. Entering the qualifier code and/or the event begin date and/or the event end date and
2. Submitting the query using the "Execute Query" icon.

The events that match the query criteria will display on the Define Event tab.

## Associate Raw Data with Event

To associated raw data with an event the user will select the Associate Raw Data with Event tab.



To see which monitors are associated with this event, or to associate a monitor with this event, the user will select "Query Affected Monitors."

The screenshot shows the "Maintain Exceptional Events (National Air Data Group)" window with the "Associate Raw Data with Event" tab selected. The window contains several input fields and a table.

**Event Description:** Firework display

**Screen Grp Name:** National Air Data Group

**Qualifier Code:** RH

**Qualifier Description:** Fireworks

**Event Begin Date:** 20140214

**Event End Date:** 20140214

**State Code:** [Dropdown]

**County Code:** [Dropdown]

**Site ID:** [Dropdown]

**Parameter:** [Dropdown]

**POC:** [Dropdown]

**Query Affected Monitors** (button)

**Query By Date Range** (button)

**Associate All** (button)

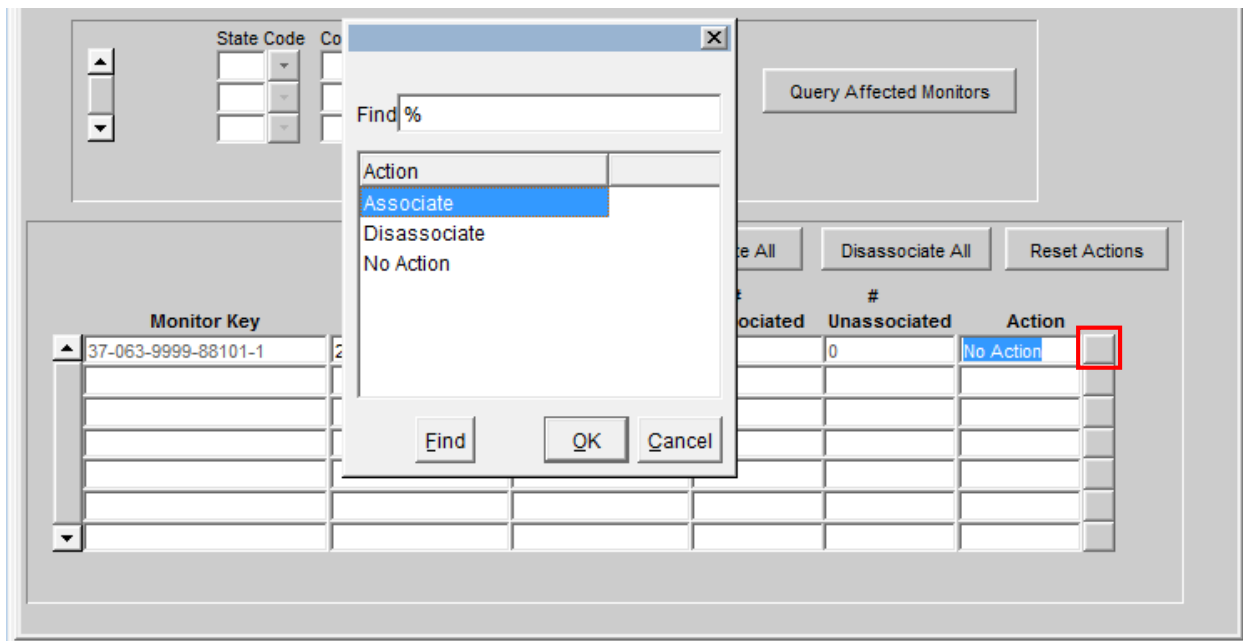
**Disassociate All** (button)

**Reset Actions** (button)

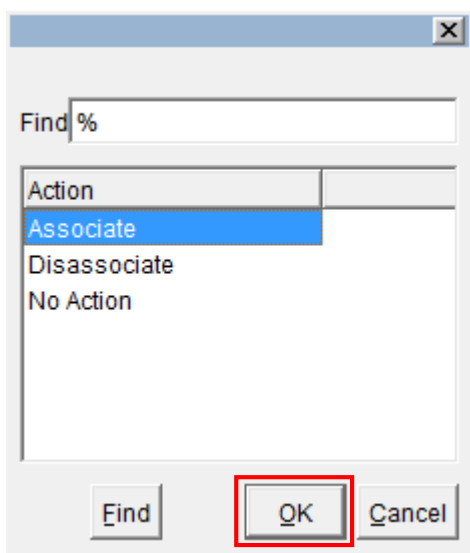
Monitor Key	Begin Date	End Date	# Associated	# Unassociated	Action



In order for the user to associate any unassociated monitors with the event, the Action LOV button must be clicked for the respective row.



This will open a pop-up that allows the user to select 'Associate' to associate the affected monitor/s. Then the user will click 'OK'.



At this point the user will notice that the monitor will now display in the ‘# Associated’ column.

Monitor Key	Begin Date	End Date	# Associated	# Unassociated	Action
37-063-9999-88101-1	20140214	20140214	1	0	Associate

Once the user verifies that all information is correct the ‘Save’ icon should be clicked.

The sample measurements that match these criteria and that were flagged with the qualifier flag are now available for the Regional Office to set the concurrence indicators via the Maintain Concurrence menu in AQS.

### Query by Date

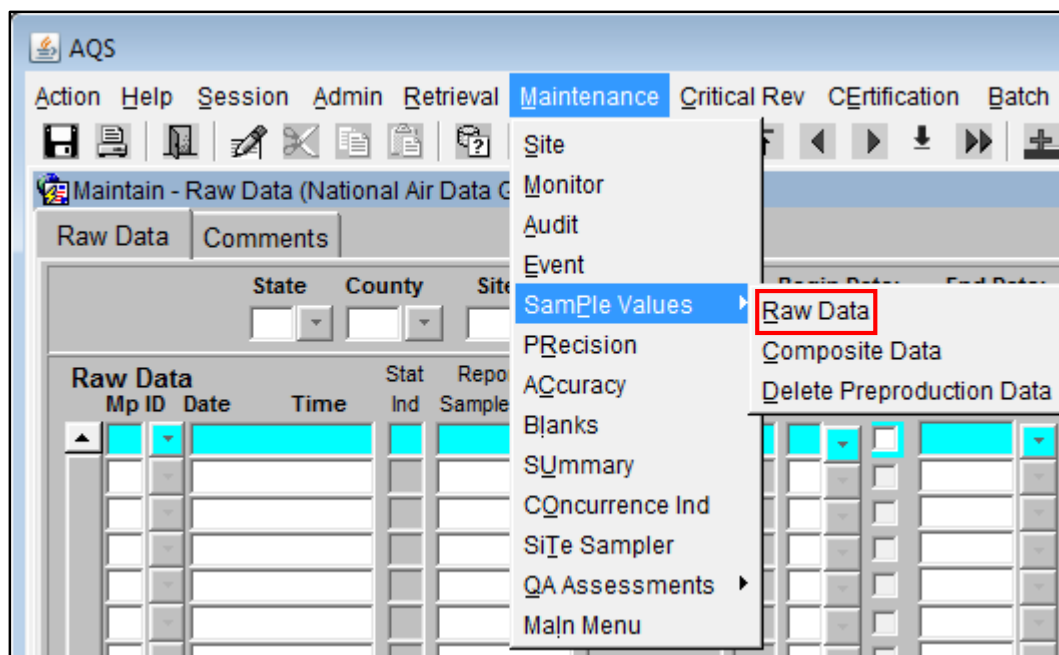
The user can also query the events by date. After the monitor data has been retrieved by the ‘Query Affected Monitors’ button, the user can change the Begin Date and/or End Date values. Then click the ‘Query By Date Range’ button. The flagged data available will be limited to that which falls between these new dates.

			Query By Date Range	Associate All	Disassociate All	Reset Actions
Monitor Key	Begin Date	End Date	# Associated	# Unassociated	Action	
37-063-9999-88101-1	20140214	20140214	1	0	Associate	

### Using Maintain Raw Data to Define and Associate Events

This process is only recommended if there is only one (or few) sample measurement/s which you will be flagging for exclusion.

1. The reporting agency user determines that a specific sample measurement (or small set of measurements) is affected by an exceptional event.
2. The user decides whether to flag the sample measurement with the Informational Qualifier (“INFORM”) or the Exclusion Qualifier (“REQEXC”) for the event type.
3. The user queries the measurement. In AQS, Maintain → Sample Values → Raw Data



- The user will then use the Query tool to select the sample measurement to which the user wants to add (or modify) the qualifier code. (State, County, Site, Parameter and/or Begin and End Dates. Then Execute Query)

The screenshot shows the 'Maintain - Raw Data (National Air Data Group)' window. A red box highlights the query selection fields: State (37), County (063), Site (9999), Parameter (88101), POC (1), Begin Date, and End Date. Below the query fields is a table of raw data records. At the bottom, there are fields for Qualifier Code, Qualifier Desc, Qualifier Type, Event Description, Association Date, Event Comment, and Event URL.

Raw Data	Mp ID	Date	Time	Stat Ind	Reported Sample Value	Standard Sample Value	EPA Ind	Action Exclusion Ind	Null Ind	Data Code	Description	Uncertainty Value
1	1	20140220	00:00	P	2	2						
1	1	20140214	00:00	P	3	3						
1	1	20140208	00:00	P	1	1						

- The user will then add an exceptional event qualifier to the raw data record.

The user will select the record to add the exceptional event to by clicking the record field, the respective record should now be highlighted.

**Maintain - Raw Data (National Air Data Group)**

Raw Data | Comments

State: 37 | County: 063 | Site: 9999 | Parameter: 88101 | POC: 1 | Begin Date: | End Date: | Standard Units: 105

Mp ID	Date	Time	Stat	Reported Sample Value	Standard Sample Value	EPA Ind	Action Ind	Exclusion Ind	Null Ind	Data Code	Description	Uncertainty Value
1	20140220	00:00	P	2	2							
1	20140214	00:00	P	3	3							
1	20140208	00:00	P	1	1							

Qualifier Code: | Qualifier Desc: | Qualifier Type: |

Event Description: | Association Date: |

Event Comment: |

Event URL: |

Monitor Protocol: 116 | Method: 105 | Unit: 7 | Duration: | Coll Frequency: | Alt Mdl: |

At this point the user will select the appropriate code from the (1) Qualifier Code drop down menu. This will open a (2) pop-up, for the user to select the exceptional event.

**Maintain - Raw Data (National Air Data Group)**

Raw Data | Comments

State: 37 | County: 063 | Site: 9999 | Parameter: 88101 | POC: 1 | Begin Date: | End Date: | Standard Units: 105

Mp ID	Date	Time	Stat	Reported Sample Value	Standard Sample Value	EPA Ind	Action Ind	Exclusion Ind	Null Ind	Data Code	Description	Uncertainty Value
1	20140220	00:00	P	2	2							
1	20140214	00:00	P	3	3							
1	20140208	00:00	P	1	1							

Qualifier Code: | Qualifier Desc: | Qualifier Type: |

Event Description: | Association Date: |

Event Comment: |

Event URL: |

Monitor Protocol: 116 | Method: 105 | Unit: 7 | Duration: | Coll Frequency: | Alt Mdl: |

**Valid values for Qualifier Code**

Find %

Code	Qualifier Desc	Qualifier Type
RA	African Dust	REQEXC
RB	Asian Dust	REQEXC
RC	Chem. Spills & Indust. Accidents	REQEXC
RD	Cleanup After a Major Disaster	REQEXC
RE	Demolition	REQEXC
RF	Fire - Canadian	REQEXC
RG	Fire - Mexico/Central America	REQEXC
RH	Fireworks	REQEXC
RI	High Pollen Count	REQEXC
RJ	High Winds	REQEXC
RK	Infrequent Large Gatherings	REQEXC

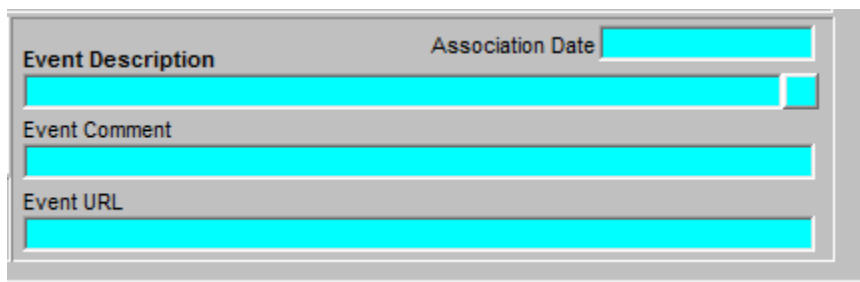
Find | OK | Cancel

Note] Exclusion Qualifier ("REQEXC") codes all begin with the letter 'R'.

Then, the user will save the changes by clicking the Save icon.

The sample value now has an exceptional event qualifier. Before this sample is visible to the Regional Office for concurrence purposes, the sample values must be associated with an existing Exceptional Event. If an event has been previously defined the user may associate the raw data with it at this point. If no event has yet been defined the user can create one.

6. The Event Description must be added to this record in order for this record to be visible to the Regional Office to provide the concurrence flag. If an Event Description is not supplied, the record will not be available to the Regional Office for concurrence purposes.



The screenshot shows a form with a light gray background and a darker gray border. At the top, there are two labels: "Event Description" on the left and "Association Date" on the right. Below "Event Description" is a large, empty text input field. Below "Association Date" is a smaller, empty text input field. Below the "Event Description" field is a label "Event Comment" followed by another large, empty text input field. Below the "Event Comment" field is a label "Event URL" followed by a large, empty text input field. The form has a clean, professional look with clear labels and input areas.

After the Event Description is added the user will click the 'Save' icon.

### Add concurrence flag – Regional Office

An EPA Regional Office AQS user can add a concurrence flag to signify that they concur with the exclusion of sample measurements due to an exceptional event. This concurrence can only be done via online forms.

A “Concur” flag means that the Regional Office concurs with the exclusion. A “Deny” means that the Regional Office does not concur with the exclusion.

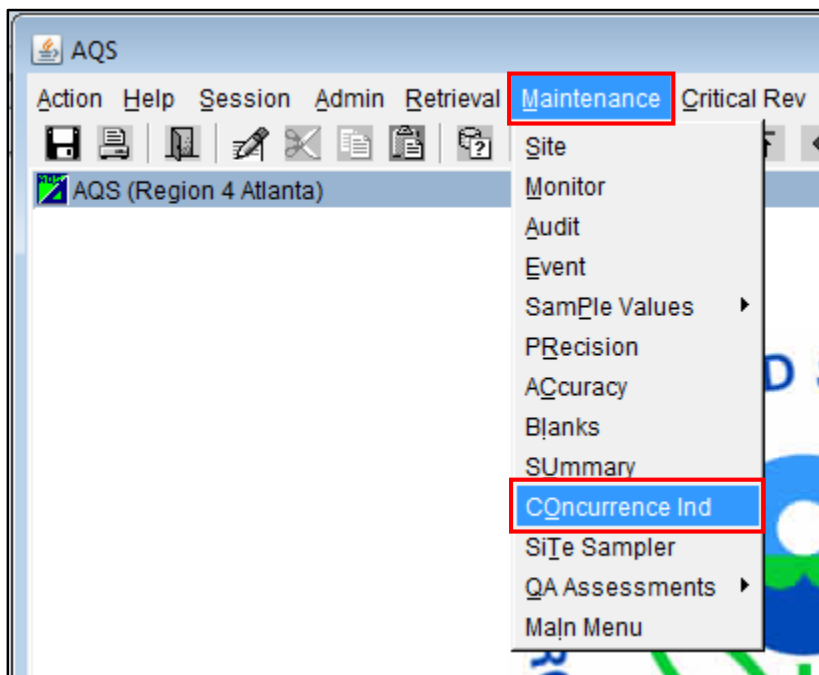
Certification is preserved when data is Concurred or Non-Concurred. The Certification of a Monitor-Year is only removed when the concentration value of a sample measurement is updated, but not when other fields are updated.

Sample values can be concurred/non-concurred based on different existing standards:

Pollutant	Standards
O <sub>3</sub>	8-hour 2008 1-hour Daily 2005 8-hour 1997
SO <sub>2</sub>	24-hour 1971 3-hour 1971 Annual 1971
NO <sub>2</sub>	Annual 1971
CO	8-hour 1971 1-hour 1971
Pb	Quarterly 1978
PM <sub>10</sub>	24-hour 2006
PM <sub>2.5</sub>	24-hour 2006 Annual 2006

## Work Flow

1. The Regional Office user evaluates the documentation for a sample measurement that was flagged as being affected by an exceptional event.
2. The Regional Office user will use the Maintain Concurrence form in AQS to query the affected sample measurements and to set the concurrence flag. To access this portion of AQS, the user must have the correct authorization. An authorized Regional Office user would have access to all the monitors in that region. From the Menu Bar, the user will click 'Maintain' then select 'Concurrence Ind'.



3. Query the affected sample measurements:

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Maintain - EPA Concurrency Indicator (Region 4 Atlanta)

State: 37 County: 063 Site: 9999 Parameter: 88101 POC: 1

Begin Date: End Date: Applicable NAAQS Standard:

Screening Group Name: Event type: Event Description:

Concur Ind	Monitor	Samp Begin Date-time	Std Samp Value	Std Unit	Qualifier Code	Qualifier Description	Applicable NAAQS Standard
▲	37-063-9999-88101-1	20140214 00:00	3	105	RH	Fireworks	PM25 24-hour 2006
	37-063-9999-88101-1	20140214 00:00	3	105	RH	Fireworks	PM25 Annual 2006
	37-063-9999-88101-1	20140214 00:00	3	105	RH	Fireworks	PM25 24-hour 2013
	37-063-9999-88101-1	20140214 00:00	3	105	RH	Fireworks	PM25 Annual 2013

Event Description: Firework display  
 Event Comment:  
 Event Url:

Concurrency Comment:  
 Concurrency Date:



- Action Help Session Admin Retrieval Maintain Critical Rev Certification Batch Correct Main Menu

Maintain - EPA Concurrence Indicator (Region 4 Atlanta)

State	County	Site	Parameter	POC	Begin Date	End Date	Applicable NAAQS Standard
37	063	9999	88101	1			

Screening Group Name Event Type Event Description

Concur All Deny All Clear All

Concur Ind	Monitor	Samp Begin Date-time	Std Samp Value	Std Unit	Qualifier Code	Qualifier Description	Applicable NAAQS Standard
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	37-063-9999-88101-1	20140214 00:00	3	105	RH	Fireworks	PM25 24-hour 2006
<input type="checkbox"/>	37-063-9999-88101-1	20140214 00:00	3	105	RH	Fireworks	PM25 Annual 2006
<input type="checkbox"/>	37-063-9999-88101-1	20140214 00:00	3	105	RH	Fireworks	PM25 24-hour 2013
<input type="checkbox"/>	37-063-9999-88101-1	20140214 00:00	3	105	RH	Fireworks	PM25 Annual 2013

Event Description Firework display  
 Event Comment  
 Event Url  
 Open URL

Concurrence Comment  
 Concurrence Date

- | Concur |  | Monitor |           |
|--------|--|---------|-----------|
| Ind    |  |         |           |
| Y      |  |         | 37-063-99 |
|        |  |         | 37-063-99 |

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6. The Regional Office will save the changes using the “Save” icon.

The addition of an exceptional event qualifier flag to sample values initiates (during the POST process) the re-computation of all of the summaries:

- At monitor-level:
  - NAAQS Averages
  - Daily Summaries
  - Quarterly Summaries
  - Annual Summaries
- At site-level:
  - Daily Summaries
  - Quarterly Summaries
  - Annual Summaries

## Data Reports

### Standard Reports Overview

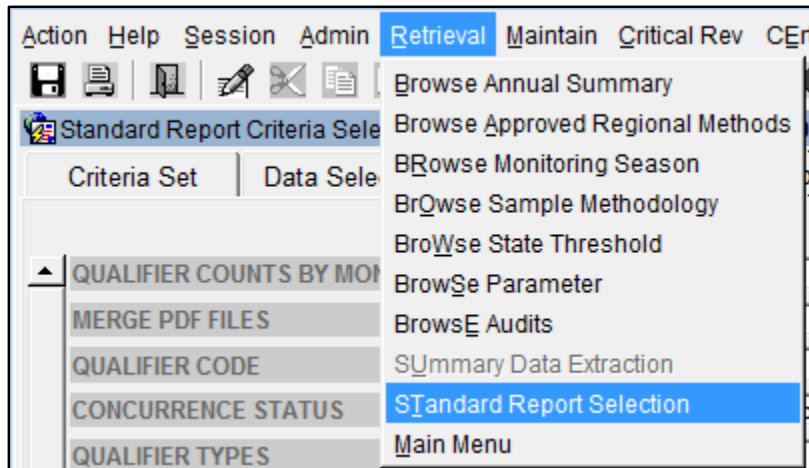
In AQS, the most common way to view data is via Standard Reports. These are pre-defined reports that show most of the data in AQS.

This chapter gives a brief overview of how to use the reports function of AQS. It does not cover the contents, formats, and options available for each report.

## Standard Reports Form

### Criteria Set Tab

AQS Standard Reports are under Retrieval in the Menu Bar. To navigate to them, the user will click 'Retrieval' from the Menu Bar then select 'Standard Report Selection' from the drop-down.

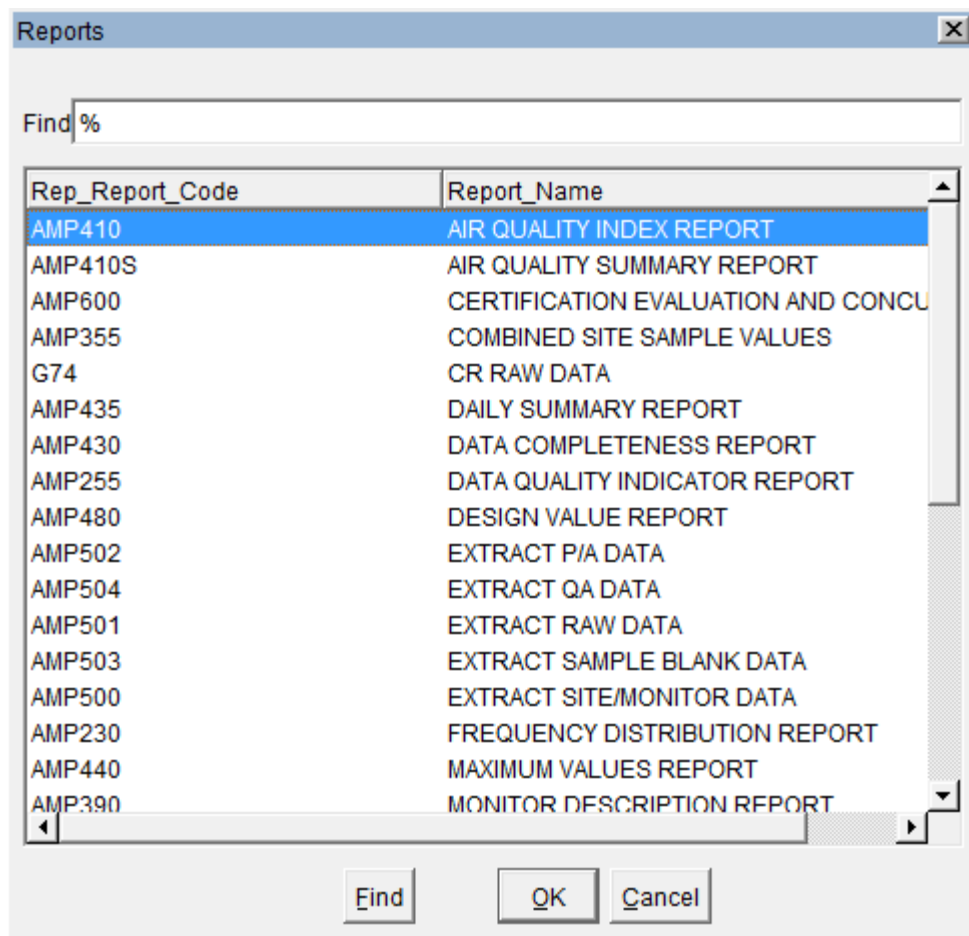


This will open the 'Standard Report Criteria Selection' form.

The user will click the LOV associated with the Report Code field.

A screenshot of the 'Standard Report Criteria Selection' form. The form has a title bar that says 'Standard Report Criteria Selection (National Air Data Group)'. It has several tabs: 'Criteria Set', 'Data Selection', 'Sort Order', 'Report Options', and 'Retrieve Reports'. The 'Criteria Set' tab is active. The form contains several input fields: 'Criteria Set' (a dropdown menu), 'Desc' (a text field), 'Owner' (a text field with 'MICHAEL' and 'BROOKS'), and 'Type' (a dropdown menu with 'PRIVATE'). The 'Report Code' field is a dropdown menu, and its arrow is highlighted with a red box. The 'Report Name' field is a text field. Below these fields are two radio buttons: 'Run Online' and 'Send via Email'. To the right of these radio buttons is a section titled 'Report Outputs' with three checkboxes. At the bottom of the form is a 'Generate Report' button.

This will open a pop-up providing the user with a list of reports to choose from.

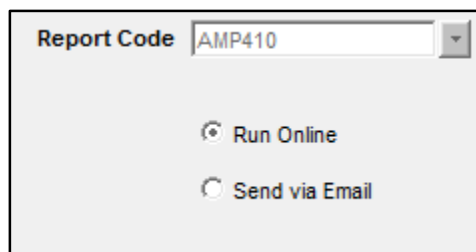


A dialog box titled "Reports" with a search bar labeled "Find %" and a list of reports. The list has two columns: "Rep\_Report\_Code" and "Report\_Name". The first row is highlighted in blue.

Rep_Report_Code	Report_Name
AMP410	AIR QUALITY INDEX REPORT
AMP410S	AIR QUALITY SUMMARY REPORT
AMP600	CERTIFICATION EVALUATION AND CONCLU
AMP355	COMBINED SITE SAMPLE VALUES
G74	CR RAW DATA
AMP435	DAILY SUMMARY REPORT
AMP430	DATA COMPLETENESS REPORT
AMP255	DATA QUALITY INDICATOR REPORT
AMP480	DESIGN VALUE REPORT
AMP502	EXTRACT P/A DATA
AMP504	EXTRACT QA DATA
AMP501	EXTRACT RAW DATA
AMP503	EXTRACT SAMPLE BLANK DATA
AMP500	EXTRACT SITE/MONITOR DATA
AMP230	FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION REPORT
AMP440	MAXIMUM VALUES REPORT
AMP390	MONITOR DESCRIPTION REPORT

Buttons at the bottom: Find, OK, Cancel.

Once the user has done this the mode the report will run in needs to be determined.



A dialog box with a "Report Code" dropdown menu showing "AMP410". Below it are two radio buttons: "Run Online" (selected) and "Send via Email".

If the user selects 'Run Online' the report will be delivered to the user's browser and the user must stay on-line to retrieve the report.

If 'Send via Email' is selected, AQS will email the report to the address in the user profile. This is called a "batch" report (just like batch load, it can be working while the user is not logged in).

After the user selects a Report Code the Print Format will be show. Also, if the user selected 'Send via Email' then the File Name will be shown.



The screenshot shows a window titled "Report Outputs". On the left, there is a list of checkboxes: the first checkbox is checked and labeled "REPORT", the second is unchecked and labeled "WORKFILE", and there are two more unchecked checkboxes below. To the right of this list, there is a "Print Format" dropdown menu currently showing "PDF", and a "File Name" text input field below it.

### Output Formats

There are generally two Report Output options available, however there may sometimes be more.

#### Report

This is a formatted report designed to be read. It is usually associated with the PDF format. The option to select different formats for an output of Report may be available.

#### Workfile

This is a text file of tabular data (with a header) for things like spreadsheets to read. Each AQS report has its own distinct workfile format.

#### XML

This is a tagged text file of nested data designed for computers to read.

The user may select as many of the Report Outputs as desired. If multiple selections are made, the same data will be sent in different formats.

## File Name

If Send via Email was selected the user must give it a short file name in order to have AQS email the report when it is complete.

## Data Selection Tab

The form is divided into several blocks, each with their own bold header: Monitor / Geographic Criteria, Protocol Criteria, Date Criteria, Monitor Network, and Agency Role. Some blocks may have default values populated depending on the report you have selected.

Each of these blocks allows the user to enter selection criteria for the selected report. Only data that matches criteria will be included in the report. There are a few things to keep in mind when entering selection criteria:

- Certain minimum criteria are required. These vary by report, so the fields are not bolded (like correct and maintain forms). If not have enough criteria have been entered, an error message will be generated.
- The more criteria entered the less data will be returned, and the faster the report will run.

- Entering a criteria means produce those values. Leaving a criteria blank means produce all values.
  - For example, entering a state code will return data for all monitors in the state.
  - Entering a state code and a county code and a parameter code will return data for just that parameter in that county.
  - Entering a pollutant type or parameter code will return data just for it. Leaving it blank will return data for all parameters.

### Sort Order Tab

Each report in AQS includes a default sort order (usually the order of display). This can be altered using the Sort Order tab. Sort columns can be moved up or down in the sort order by highlighting them and pressing the up or down arrow buttons. Columns may not be added to the sort order.

### Report Options Tab

Each report in AQS includes a default set of options that can be changed. To change the options, the user will select different values for the options by using the LOV (drop down) associated with each.

Some reports (with NAAQS related data) will also include some information (that is not adjustable) about which standards will be represented in the data.

### Retrieve Reports Tab

This tab keeps a history of recent reports that have been run (going back about two weeks). This tab can be used to check on the status of a long-running batch report. It can also be used to download the output of previous reports that may have been misplaced.

### Running a Report

After the report and output options have been chosen and all of the selection criteria (and optionally adjusted the sort order and changed options) have been entered, the report is ready to be run.

**Note] every tab on the Standard Reports form (except Retrieve Reports) has a Generate Report button.**

After the Generate Report button has been clicked the application may jump back to where the user last had his cursor or to the Criteria Set tab - this is normal.

At this point one of two pop-ups will display:

### Report Submitted for Batch Processing

If the report was run in batch mode (emailed to the user when completed), this is the pop-up that will be displayed.

### Report Status

If the report was run on-line, the pop-up will display the stage and percent complete of the report. The report can be canceled if an error was made or it is taking too long. When the on-line report is done it will be delivered to the user's browser. If the output is a Report it will appear in a new tab. If the output is a workfile or XML the browser will prompt the user to download a zipped file.

### Report Contents

All reports contain a PDF cover page echoing the selection criteria.

If the only output is PDF files, this page will be added to the beginning.

If the output includes non-PDF output, all files will be zipped into a single archive that includes the cover page echoing the selection criteria and one or more files with the results (depending on the report and the outputs). All of the files will begin with the File Name entered on the Criteria Set tab and include suffixes and extensions.

## Logging Off

AQS can be closed (and logged off) by clicking on either the usual window close button (the red X on the top right for windows users) or the Exit icon.

The user may be asked whether to commit/save changes or exit. The user should answer appropriately.

The user may also exit AQS by closing the browser window that AQS is running in, however it should be noted that this closes AQS without it prompting if the user would like to save any changes.



## Learn more, service, and support

Refer to the following resources to get more AQS support.

To learn about	Do this
<b>General Use</b> <b>Password Reset</b> <b>Reporting problems</b>	Contact the AQS Help Desk M-F 8am-6:30pm EST 866.411.4372 opt 9 <a href="mailto:epacallcenter@epa.gov">epacallcenter@epa.gov</a> M-F 6am-9pm EST
<b>Quick Reference</b>	Go to <a href="#">AQS Quick Ref Guide</a>
<b>Data Retrieval</b>	Go to <a href="#">AQS Data Retrieval Manual</a>
<b>Loading Data</b>	Go to <a href="#">Loading Data in AQS</a>
<b>Detailed information about data in the database</b>	Go to <a href="#">AQS Data Dictionary</a>
<b>AQS related material</b>	Go to <a href="#">Manuals and Guides</a>
<b>Updating the User's Guide</b>	Contact <a href="#">Mr. Michael S. Brooks</a>
<b>User Updates</b>	Go to <a href="#">AQS RSS feed</a>
<b>AQS XML file construction</b>	Go to <a href="#">Exchange Network</a>